OFFICIAL REPORT.
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The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

The Largest Circulation in the State, Outside of Indianapolis.

ESTABLISHED 1833. WEDNESDAY, JULY 25, 1894 PRICE TWO CENTS.

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Corner Columbia and Clinton Streets.

DEATH IN FLAMES.

Met by Brave Firemen at Washington City.

Crushed to Death by Falling Walls and Timbers.

Over 200 Draught Horses Perish in the Flames.

The Knox Stables at the National Capital Fall a Prey to the Destructive Element's Fury.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Clanging bells, roaring flames, rushing engines, cracking walls, agonizing shrieks of horses that were perishing in the firey furnace—such was the scene that was presented to eye and ear at Knox's stables at B and Second streets and the other buildings in the block that fell a prey to the destructive element today.

Not since the big fire in the patent office many years ago, has the fire department of the district had to cope with so fierce a conflagration. All its appliances were brought into action, but all efforts were unavailing to save the property from destruction.

Five brave firemen were crushed under the falling walls. Four men were injured by falling walls and timbers, and these were promptly removed to the emergency hospital for treatment. Three of the firemen lost their lives.

Over 200 heavy draught horses, nearly all the company's express wagons, and the contents of the large storage building were burned. The Adams express company's stables, adjoining the Knox building to the north, were also almost entirely consumed. About 150 horses were in the Adams Express company's stables, but all were taken out by the hardest kind of work on the part of citizens and policemen.

Eight two-story houses on the alley, north of the Knox building, and two small frame houses, back of the Adams stable, were destroyed. Six or eight other residence houses were more or less damaged. Mitchell's blacksmith shop, on second street, was crushed by falling walls. The total loss will exceed a quarter of a million of dollars.

The bodies of the following named firemen have been recovered: Samuel E. Mastin, Michael Fenton, Dennis Donohue, all firemen of No. 1 company. One of the Knox stable employes was burned and may die.

Fully a dozen firemen and policemen were overcome by heat and had to be carried to places of safety. The injured are: J. G. Wilson, 525 Eleventh street, southeast, broken leg; Jas. Kelhal, 462 Virginia avenue, southwest, sprained back, seriously injured; Lee Bell, 3234, I street, northwest, burned about hands and face; James A. Hooper, truck A, lacerated forehead; Edward Cahill, citizen, shoulder broken.

The warehouse and stables occupied over a block. The fire was discovered about 2:30 o'clock. A number of men were sleeping in the Knox building and were awakened by smoke. They found the entire rear of the second floor of the building in flames and had hardly time to escape with their lives. Before they had left the building the blaze had communicated to the three-story rear part of the Adams stables, and was darting out of the windows of the second and first floors of both buildings.

A policeman sent in an alarm through a patrol box. It was a still alarm, and brought out two companies and a truck. Five minutes later a general alarm was sent in and in five minutes more the entire fire department of the city was on hand. Every company and every fireman was needed.

A hotter fire never raged. The flames poured in great sheets from the doors and windows of the great stables. All this was in a very few moments. A hundred men ran into the Adams stables and cut loose the 150 horses they contained. The animals were cut loose and turned into the street. The horses of the Knox company could not be reached. There were 208 of them, and they were on the second story of the building which was a seething mass of flames from the very start.

The Knox building was a four story structure of brick. On the first floor were the heavy wagons of the concern, on the second floor the horses, on the third and fourth floors hay in large quantities and merchandise of all kinds, which had been stored with the company. Another four story building of the Knox company, facing on Second street and connected with the stables, separated only by a thin, brick wall, was used entirely for storage purposes. It was packed from basement to roof with furniture and merchandise. It is in this building that the greatest loss occurred. The heat was so intense that firemen were obliged to throw water on each other repeatedly in order that they might continue at their posts. The men who had to hold the hose on the B street front of the Knox building were obliged to lie flat and hold their faces to the ground, so awful was the heat.

A portion of the wall of the rear of the Adams building fell into the alley and across the back exit. The members of hose company No. 1 and several men of other companies were caught inside the building. Fire Chief Parris rushed to the rescue. Half a dozen leads of hose were turned upon the burning mass, which had fallen in front of the exit. As the bricks cooled slightly twenty firemen and as many policemen rushed into the burning building. It was an awful risk. The walls of the Knox building were tottering. At any moment they might fall and crush the smaller Adams building under them. In a moment the rescuers emerged from what was thought to be a death pit. In their arms they dragged the bodies of three firemen, who had been hurt by falling bricks. While they were inside the heat has been so intense that they were almost baked alive. Their comrades were also scorched and singed. All were dragged back to the opposite sidewalk.

Two minutes after the party came out the upper floors of the Knox building fell. Only the semi-tower which made the office corner of the building was left standing. With the fall of the walls the fire was practically under control, but the flames were hotter than ever. It was now so hot that firemen and policemen began to succumb to the terrific heat. It was necessary to keep the hose playing on the residence houses all about, and the firemen, now completely exhausted, had to be relieved every four or five minutes. Eight two-story frame houses on the north alley caught fire. They were allowed to burn. Water and hose could not be wasted upon them. Their occupants had long since left them, and for fifteen minutes bricks had been crashing through the roofs. Fire started from the roofs of all the near buildings. Ladders were brought into use, and citizens and policemen took the places of the exhausted firemen and kept the fire from spreading. The hay and light material with which the buildings were filled made a fierce fire. The flames darted high into the air, and made the capitol, several blocks away, stand on the hill, against the black sky, like a building painted in flames.

NO ENCAMPMENT.

The Militia Has Had Enough Camp Experience.

The Last of the Troops Will Be Withdrawn From Hammond Next Saturday.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 25.—The remainder of the militia at Hammond will be withdrawn Saturday, ending the second campaign in which Indiana troops have engaged this summer. The year's military encampment was officially abandoned today because of the real service the troops have experienced. The two wars have cost the state $17,000.

SMALLPOX SCOURGE.

Believed That Health Department Can No Longer Cope With It.

MILWAUKEE, July 25.—Smallpox is still spreading. New cases are reported daily, but no one can tell how many there are, because Health Commissioner Kempster refuses to give out any information in regard to the disease. It is openly charged that the health department officials are unable to cope with the plague and are refusing to give information in order to conceal the true state of affairs. At the meeting of the common council yesterday Ald. Corcoran introduced a resolution condemning the health commissioner's policy of suppression, declaring that his course was calculated to increase rather than allay what alarm may have been caused by the existence of the disease, and directing him to give to the public all information regarding any new cases of contagious disease. The resolution was referred to the committee on health. Several deaths have occurred at the isolation hospital, which is filled with smallpox patients. The latest reported is that of Miss Laura Barth, daughter of Peter Barth, a well known resident of the south side. Owing to the scare visitors will not be admitted to the insane asylum and other institutions.

NEWARK, N. J., July 25.—Nearly two hundred people, mostly Italians, are quarantined in the district of River street, where there is smallpox. They are guarded by about fifteen officers. Health Officer Lehlbach is trying to prevent the disease from spreading to Drift street and other localities where the Italians colonize. The disease is confined to lodging houses and tenements. It was at this point where ten of the eleven cases now at the smallpox hospital originated. Saturday the authorities decided on the general quarantine, because they found the Italians were trying to conceal the cases and would not follow instructions of a sanitary nature.

RIOTING AGAIN.

Strikers Severely Injure a Policeman at Forty-ninth Street.

CHICAGO, July 25.—Policeman Lindgren has been seriously wounded and two rioters badly hurt in a fight which occurred in the Grand Trunk yards at Forty-ninth street. A small crowd of strikers attempted to stop a freight train and when the officer went to the rescue he was met with a volley of stones and coupling pins and fell, bruised in a dozen places. Regaining his feet Lindgren fired, probably injuring Alexander Hurt and slightly wounding a striker named Danninan. But one of the rioters was arrested.

Battle Expected.

YOKOHAMA, Japan, July 25.—The Japanese troops in Corea have commenced a forward movement against the positions occupied by the Chinese troops in the same country. A battle is daily expected.

CHANT THE WINNER.

Beats the Pepper at the Saratoga Races.

This the Only Exciting Race on the First of the Extra Days—Peculiar Betting in the Second Race.

SARATOGA, July 25.—Yesterday was the first extra day of the meeting here, and was marked by a poor card, threatening weather and a light attendance. The second race was declared off, as Madrid and Candelabra were scratched, leaving Lamplighter as the only starter. Another race was substituted and run as the fifth event, but it had only three starters. Betting was quite brisk despite the limited fields.

The best race of the day both in point of speculation and as a contest was the third. There were but four starters, but Miss Dixie and Del Norte were practically ignored, being quoted at 20 to 1 each. The Kentucky Derby winner, Chant, with Martin up, opened at 2 to 5, while The Pepper's first odds were 6 to 5. A strong play on the latter forced his price down to 4 to 5, while Chant receded to even money. There was no change in these positions until post time, when a perfect deluge of money came in on Leigh & Rose's candidate, which forced him to regain the post a favorite, closing at 9 to 10, while The Pepper could be played at 6 to 5. Miss Dixie got away with the track, and opening a gap of three lengths, cut out the pace for half a mile, with Chant and The Pepper running in close company, when Chant assumed command and in the home stretch was running well within himself, when The Pepper closed up a lot of ground and a furlong from home was at Chant's saddle girth. A rattling finish resulted, and it looked as though The Pepper would take the prize, but Martin outrode Midgeley and Chant won by a head. Miss Dixie was third, five lengths away.

The betting in the second race was very peculiar, and demonstrated to what extent the talent will be guided by stable money. Gallilee opened at the astonishing low figure of 2 to 5, while Sonella, from Fleischmann & Son's lot, was quoted at 4 to 1. At the latter odds the stable commission was placed, and this was followed by a strong play from the smart ones. This caused the favorite to recede to 7 to 10, and Zonella was cut to 2 to 1, which created a good deal of suspicion. That there was no more ground for this may be seen from the fact that Gallilee won easily by three lengths after Zanella had set the pace to the stretch, where he tired, and, half way down the stretch, Fred Douglass passed him and secured the place by two lengths.

The opening event went to Sweden, which was the favorite. The fourth race saw the defeat of the redhot favorite Robinhood by Torchbearer, a 6 to 1 shot, and George Beck, who closed favorite, defeated Falcon in the fifth. The hurdle race went to Marcus, a 10 to 1 shot; Tom Flynn, favorite, second; Prize, third. Japonica's number was hung up as third, but the mistake was rectified before the tickets were paid.

Four favorites and two long shots captured the purses. The track was lumpy. The management has decided to begin racing on Saturday at 1:30 p. m. and continue daily thereafter.

In compliance with the rules of the jockey club the "foreign" book has been abandoned this season, and in consequence of this a number of poolrooms here will open this week. This will undoubtedly precipitate another poolroom fight, but President Walbaum expressed himself to your correspondent that he did not fear any trouble. Mike Dwyer and "Pittsburg" Phil arrived yesterday.

The summary of yesterday's races was as follows:

First race, four and one-half furlongs—Sweden, 108 (Simms), even, first; Rossmar, 106 (Reagan), 5 to 1, second; Derelict, 104 (Martin), 3 to 1, third—time, 0:57. Sir James, Jewel, Achiever, Kismet, Widow Cliquot filly and Rossmore also ran.

Second race, six furlongs—Galilea, 112 (Griffin), 1 to 10, first; Fred Douglas, 112 (Simms), 8 to 1, second; Senella, 112 (Perkins), 8 to 5, third—time, 1:15. Inquisition, Sleight of Hand and Loving Heart also ran.

Third race, one mile and an eighth—Chant, 109 (Martin), 6 to 5, first; The Pepper, 109 (Midgley), 4 to 5, second; Miss Dixey, 104 (Perkins), 15 to 1, third—time, 1:57. Del Norte also ran.

Fourth race, selling, five furlongs—Torchbearer, 117 (Simms), 6 to 1, first; Robin Hood, 102 (Donohue), 1 to 2 and out, second; Memento colt, 102 (Griffin), 5 to 1, third—time, 1:02½. Commodore Roughan and Miss Lilly also ran.

Fifth race, selling, seven furlongs—George Beck, 103 (Perkins), even and out, first; Walcott, 104 (Midgley), 4 to 5 and out, second; Future, 109, (Reagan), 60 to 1, third—time, 1:29.

Sixth race, mile and a quarter, over hurdles—Marcus, 145 (Beach), 7 to 1, first; Tom Flynn, 165 (Callahan), 6 to 5 second; Prize, 145 (Henlie), 12 to 1, third—time, 2:24½. Beau Brummell, Japonica and Lonely also ran.

ST. PAUL, July 25.—Frank N. Shaw, Herman Hoffman, J. J. Lyle, S. A. May and two other bookmakers at the Hamline track were arraigned in the municipal court, having been arrested on warrants under the state gambling law, sworn out by a man named Jones, who raised a row at the track Saturday because his favorite horse was not declared the winner. Bail was given and the cases continued until Monday.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 25.—The Glenville track did not dry off yesterday as soon as was expected, and instead of calling the horses for the second day's grand circuit meeting at noon, it was 3:30 before the gong sounded. The track was slow. The first event was the unfinished 2:35 trot. Red Bud won two heats Monday, and was a strong favorite in the pools. Expressive fooled the talent by taking three strait heats. Red Bud was ordered to the stable for fouling after the third heat. Sally Simmons won the third heat of the unfinished 2:25 trot in a walk. She was the favorite. James L. was a strong favorite in the 2:17 trot, but could not finish better than third. Miss Nelson after acting badly in the first heat settled down and won the next three handly. There were about 9,000 people at the track.

STONED THE HOUSE.

A Russian Smashes the Windows of Pullman's Residence.

Says the Millionaire Threw Him Out of Employment and He Sought Revenge.

CHICAGO, July 25.—Simon Reskius, a Russian, made a malicious assault upon the residence of George M. Pullman today. He hurled many stones at the massive building, breaking out ten or a dozen large plate glass windows. He was arrested, charged with malicious mischief. Shortly after 7 o'clock the servants in the Pullman residence observed an ill-clad, rough looking man pacing back and forth in front of the house, which stands at the northeast corner of Prairie avenue and Eighteenth street. He cast sharp glances at the house and before the servants had taken any measures to learn his business or the purpose of his presence he began hurling stones at the windows. He took stones from the pockets of his overcoat. He had thrown, perhaps, a dozen rocks, each striking and breaking a pane of glass, when the butler and another man employed in the household rushed out to the sidewalk and seized hold of the stranger. He made little resistance. They started to march him toward the Cottage Grove avenue police station, but a few steps distant were met by a policeman, who had heard the crash of the windowglass and was hurrying to the scene. In the pockets of the man's overcoat were found several more good sized pebbles and in the pockets of his coat were found preliminary naturalization papers. When questioned he delivered himself of curses against the United States government and Geo. Pullman. He said Pullman had thrown him out of work and that this wasn't the last Pullman would see of him. Later he admitted that he was a tailor by trade and had not been working at anything for a year. No weapons more dangerous than stones were found upon him. Geo. Pullman and his entire family are in the east, no one but the servants occupying the house. Reskin is said to be a well known European anarchist. He was held to the criminal court. The police are investigating his record and his capture is thought to be an important one.

HAD THE LAUGH ON HER HUBBY.

Deserted Woman Through a Clever Ruse Gets Her Spouse in the Toils.

NEW YORK, July 25.—About four months ago Harris Friedman, who kept a dry goods store in the Eighteenth ward of Brooklyn, suddenly disappeared, and his wife, who lives at 186 Montrose avenue, mourned him as dead. In an accidental manner she learned that he was carrying on a business in Providence, and concocted a clever scheme to get him back within the jurisdiction of New York state. A notice was inserted within a Providence paper announcing her death, with the added information that she had left an estate of $5,000. Friedman saw the notice and arrived in Brooklyn on Sunday night to begin proceedings to obtain the money and mourn his dead wife.

Officer Short, of the charities department, met him and placed him under arrest. The wife's trap was successful and when it was sprung she stood by and laughed at her husband's discomfiture. Friedman was taken to the Raymond street jail and locked up.

WHITE CAPS AFTER A FARMER.

His Barn Is Burned and He Is Notified to Leave the State.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 25.—Last Sunday night the barn of D. T. Spangler, a wealthy farmer living five miles south of Columbus, was burned by an incendiary. Yesterday Mr. Spangler found a white cap notice pinned to a working coat that he had left hanging on the fence in his yard several days before the fire and forgotten. It warned him that if he did not at once leave the state ten of his neighbors would tie him to one of his stallions and turn it loose and set the dogs on it. For some time Spangler and his wife have been living unhappily together. He supposes that they found their first plans impracticable and burned his barn instead. Holms placed the letter and other facts which he believes point to the guilty parties in the hands of a detective.

A Rare Chance.

Commencing July 25 we will, for ten days only, sell all $40.00, $30.00 and $28.00—$25.00 suits, or any suit in the store, for $22.00, at

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POSTPONED.

The Debs' Contempt Case Laid Over Two Months.

Special Counsel Edwin Walker Sick and Unable to Look After the Prosecution.

CHICAGO, July 25.—In the Debs' contempt case today Judge Woods delivered a brief opinion, formally overruling the motion of the defense to quash the informations against the American Railway union officers. Judge Grosscup then announced that he had taken no part in the decision on the motion to quash, and he announced further that he would take no further part in the contempt proceedings, for the reason that the defendants are under indictment in the United States district court, over which he presides and the same questions of law will be raised under the indictments. In fairness to the defendants, Judge Grosscup said, he would not sit any longer in the investigation of the charge of contempt. After making this announcement Judge Grosscup left the bench. District Attorney Milchrist announced that Special Agent Edwin Walker was ill and could not attend the hearing. He said that he, Milchrist, will go out of office on August 2nd and Mr. Walker will be left the sole counsel in the case, and suggested that the hearing be postponed until Mr. Walker is able to take charge of it. After considering the district attorney's suggestion, the court announced that the case would be continued until September 5th. Debs and his associates went into consultation regarding the giving of bail, and the court adjourned.

Attorney W. W. Erwin, counsel for the American Railway union officers, afforded a sensation in the contempt proceedings today by violently assailing the government officers and indirectly attacking the court. During his speech, which was delivered immediately after the adverse decision of the court on the defendants' motion to quash the information against the prisoners, Judge Woods was visibly excited and although he retained control of his anger, showed his suppressed excitement by his trembling hands and agitated expression. Mr. Erwin asserted that in cases of injustice the power of the people which has been back of the government reverts to the people, and as he spoke his tall frame quivered with excitement, his gestures were wild and his voice rose almost to a shriek. Beginning his speech with a review of the troubles leading up to the strike, Mr. Erwin declared that the railroads had entered into a conspiracy to sustain the Pullman company in the latter's fight with their employes. The court must decide the supreme question, he said, whether the men were not justified in resenting such a conspiracy when the courts were silent regarding it. "Such a conspiracy did exist", he said, "and the courts and officers of the government gave no redress. The question is whether the people are soverign or whether they delegated all their powers to combinations of wicked men and to representatives who are asleep. Had not the men a right to resist this conspiracy of the railroads to sustain Pullman in his inhumanity and illegal acts?"

By order of the court the bail of the four prisoners was reduced to $7,000 each today. The bonds first required were $10,000 each.

CHOOSE A COMPROMISE MAN.

Tenth Indiana District Republicans to Meet at Logansport Aug. 22.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., July 25.—A meeting of the republican central committee of the Tenth district was held here yesterday to fix a time and place for holding the congressional convention, at which the compromise candidate of the Landis and Johnson factions will be chosen. State Chairman Gowdy, of Indianapolis, was present, as was also District Chairman Charles Harley, of Delphi. The chairmen of all the counties in the district were present or represented. Logansport was named as the place of holding the next convention and August 22 the time. The coming convention promises to be interesting. Two candidates having been previously chosen whom force of circumstances compelled to withdraw, it now remains to be seen who can command to the satisfaction of all and unite, as it is intended he shall, the clashing factions. Among those mentioned for the honor are Judge Frank Swigart, of Logansport; Anson Wolcott, of Wolcott; Charles Griffin, of Hammond; George Holman, of Rochester, and M. C. Chilcotte, of Rensselaer.

A MISSING MAN.

Much Anxiety Concerning a Young Fellow Named Sheldon.

PARIS, July 25.—The police, at the request of the United States embassy, are making inquiries in regard to the whereabouts of a young man named Sheldon, of Chicago, who arrived in this city on July 13, with a friend named Benton. Sheldon has been missing since July 14, and it is believed that he has been murdered. The missing man came from the United States via Southampton.

YOUNGSTOWN'S STREET CARS.

Resume Operations After a Tie-Up Strike.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, July 25.—After a tie-up lasting several weeks, owing to a strike of its employes, the Youngstown street car company, resumed operation today with non union men. Trouble was anticipated, and while nothing serious has occurred so far, an outbreak may occur at any time. Ties were piled on the track at the western terminus of the road early in the day by the strikers and cars were stoned in the eastern part of the city, but no one was injured.

HURT IN A RUNAWAY.

Herbert Bicknese Very Badly Injured.

Death by Accident of a Once Well Known Allen County Resident—Other Accidents.

This morning, near the Berghoff brewery, Herbert Bicknese was driving a spirited horse, when the animal ran away and threw the driver out on his head. He was taken to his home, No. 131 East Erie street, where Dr. Duemling attended. The man is badly injured about the head and shoulders.

KILLED BY CARS.

Word reaches this city of an accident at Gas City Saturday night which caused the death of Louis Hiebler, a former resident of this county. He was an inmate of the soldiers' home at Marion and had been to a picnic and was returning home intoxicated. He lay down on the railroad track and went to sleep. A train came along and Hiebler was ground to pieces. The deceased will be remembered particularly on account of his trial and conviction for the crime of murdering his wife in 1873. While on a drunken debauch Hiebler became incensed at his wife, and loading a shotgun with a heavy slug, shot her dead. He was arrested and jailed by the late Charles A. Zollinger, who at that time was sheriff of Allen county. Hiebler's trial was before the late Judge Joseph Breckenridge, then judge of the Allen circuit court. Hiebler was found guilty of murder in the first degree and sentenced to pass the remainder of his natural life in the Michigan City prison. He entered upon his servitude and after a time became a "trusty" about the prison. His good behavior won him the favor of the prison officials and awakened a lenient sentiment among his friends in this county, and several years ago the governor was induced to grant him a parole. He afterwards entered the soldiers' home at Marion. Hiebler was a member of company G, Fifty-ninth regiment, Indiana volunteer infantry.

SERIOUS RUNAWAY.

Last evening, while Mr. and Mrs. Dave Sutton, of Creighton avenue, were driving over to Lakeside park, their horse took fright near the Columbia street bridge and ran away. A little girl in the road was knocked down, but not seriously injured. The buggy was dashed against a post and both occupants thrown out and badly cut and bruised. They were later able to go to their home. The horse ran down the river bank and swam across with the buggy. The animal came near drowning, but upon reaching the opposite bank freed itself from the rig and walked leisurely towards home.

DID NOT TELL GOMPERS.

Debs Keeps From Him His Plans for the American Labor Union.

NEW YORK, July 25.—Surprise was expressed by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, when he heard of the plans which Eugene V. Debs, president of the American Railway union, has in view for a general strike next year and the formation of a national labor union to rival the American Federation of Labor.

Mr. Gompers said: "When I met Mr. Debs in Chicago last week I had several confidential chats with him on the general labor situation and the policy to be pursued by the American Railway union in the future. He never said a word to me about the colossal plan for a general strike of millions of workingmen or of the formation of what is called the American Labor union. There is no fear of a rival union making inroads upon our ranks. There can be no doubt but that there will be an amalgamation of the forces of the two organizations. Although this new plan of Debs' is something I never expected, I may say that I am not jealous of him and have nothing but a feeling of genuine sympathy and respect for his great organization. We will extend our hearty co-operation to the American Railway union in every new plan which we believe feasible."

WOMAN FORGER ARRESTED.

Victimized an Atlanta Bank on Several Clever Counterfeit Checks.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 25.—A clever woman forger under arrest at Marrietta is believed to be Mrs. Kate Bradford, who is wanted in Brooklyn. She came to Atlanta in May, and swindled several merchants by passing forged checks, each of which was presented with a letter from the cashier of the bank on which it was drawn. She kept up this work for a week. Then a reward was offered for her, but she was not found until Sunday, when an Atlanta merchant saw her on a train going to Marietta. She wore a black dress when first seen, but changed it so cleverly when she found herself discovered that her appearance was completely changed. But she was arrested on reaching Marietta. She has been living in a cottage at the foot of Kenesaw mountain since the latter part of May, and has swindled a number of Marietta people. She was in a royal rage when arrested and loudly protested that she knew nothing of the charges against her.

New York Republicans.

WHEELING, Va., July 24.—Judge Nathan Goff, of the United States court and ex-secretary of the navy lies critically ill at his home in Clarksburg.

THE PROVOKE LAW.

A Peculiar Case in the Court of Justice Wilkinson.

The Creditor Calls the Debtor "Poor Pay" and Is Arrested on the Charge of Provoke.

The case of the state against Thomas Tulley, the well known railroad engineer, for provoking Mrs. Emeline Osborne, was on trial yesterday in the court of Justice James Wilkinson and consumed most of the afternoon.

The attorneys were Phil B. Colerick for the prosecution and James M. Robinson for the defendants, and both lawyers, notwithstanding the heat of the day, put forth their efforts to win and fought the case bitterly from the start. There were some fifteen or twenty witnesses examined and the testimony showing the provoke was about as follows:

Mr. and Mrs Osborne a few years ago rented one of Mr. Tulley's residence houses, and, after living in it for some years, left it owing him about $90 which they said they were unable to pay. The account ran along until recently, when Mr. Tulley asked Mr. Osborne to pay part of the amount, and on his refusal to do so, brought suit against Mr. and Mrs. Osborne and obtained a judgement against them.

This judgment, it seems, Mr. Tulley was unable to collect, and one evening last week he rode past Mr. Osborne's house in a buggy, while Mrs. Osborne was seated on the porch, singing, "Mrs. Osborne, poor pay." This was the testimony of Mrs. Osborne, but the other witnesses say they did not hear him mention Mrs. Osborne's name.

At this act of Mr. Tulley, Mr. Osborne took offense and he brought suit against Tulley for provoking his wife. Justice Wilkinson heard the evidence and the arguments of the attorneys, and reserved his decision until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

DIVORCE CASE.

Sydney Snyder, through her attorney, W. H. Shambaugh, has brought suit in the superior court asking that she may be given a divorce from her husband, Frank Snyder. The plaintiff has begun suit for divorce from the defendant twice before, but in each instance the case has been dismissed and the parties lived together again.

COURT NOTES.

Justice Hays has fined George Lamb for Sabbath desecration.

George Clapsaddle was arrested for selling cigars on Sunday. The case against him is in Justice Hays' court.

Justice Wilkinson fined William Brockerman, a boy, $1 and costs for assaulting Mary Rillinger.

John C. Boylan was fined $5 and costs by Justice Wilkinson for assaulting Engineer Trease.

Harry B Monople and Bertha Slagle, Elmer J. Thompson and Emma E. Dammeyer have been licensed to wed.

Justice Hays fined Andrew Schenker $1 and costs for assaulting Lena Gibson.

RETURNING SOLDIERS.

Fort Wayne Rifles and True Blues at Home Again

From Hammond Where They Have Been Doing Military Duty for Eight Days.

The Fort Wayne soldier boys are home from the field of war. Foot-sore, dusty, tired and hungry they jumped off a special car attached to No. 8 last night and marched down Calhoun street and thence to their respective armories. The order to return came unexpectedly. The Blues were at Hammond and the Rifles at Whiting. Major Miller was first notified and sent a courier to Whiting to notify the Rifles. In a very few minutes the boys were ready for the trip home. Five infantry companies yet remain at Hammond, the Angola, Auburn and Waterloo companies, together with one company each from Crawfordsville and Covington. The Gatling gun section of the Zollinger battery is still there with no immediate prospect of being immediately relieved.

Captain J. B. Fonner, the commanding officer of the True Blues, was met this morning by THE SENTINEL reporter. He said his company had a genuine taste of army life and had come through their eight days' campaign with flying colors. They were on duty one day at East Chicago, two days at Whiting and the balance of the time at Hammond, where they camped out on the sand, slept at night on the cold, cold ground with no tents to cover them, and ate sow belly, beans and black coffee, and most of all did not shave their faces during the entire time they were in camp.

He said the boys preserved splendid discipline during the whole of the campaign and were complimented by General Compton, the quartermaster general, with being the best disciplined of the five companies on the ground. They left here with fifty-two men and returned with fifty, one of the men coming back sick last week and another returning home Monday. There was but little sickness in camp among the boys and none of them were placed in the guard house. It was genuine military duty, said Captain Fonner, and my company stood up to it bravely all through and came home with a record upon which there is not a single black spot, for they were guilty of no improper conduct and acted the part of gentlemen.

The two Fort Wayne companies, the captain says, will draw $1,400 in pay from the state, the Blues getting $708 and the Rifles $675. The Rifles had forty-eight men and four of them came home sick. The Zollinger battery are still at Hammond, but will probably return home tonight or tomorrow.

HER NECK BROKEN.

Sad Accident to Mrs. Wilhelmina Henker.

She Falls Down a Steep Flight of Steps.

Death Came to Her Instantly at Her Home, No. 20 Charles Street—No One Saw Her Fall.

It was a shocking and sudden death which came to Mrs. Wilhelmina Henker, of No. 20 Charles street, at about 11:30 o'clock this morning. For many years the lady has been subject to epileptic fits and has sustained a number of hard falls in consequence. This morning, at the hour mentioned, she was up stairs at her home, engaged in household duties. She was alone, but her two daughters were at home and down stairs. Suddenly they were startled by a crash and rushing to the steps leading up stairs were horrified to find their mother lying unconscious at the foot of the steps, on the kitchen floor. Her head was cut and bruised and over her right eye on the forehead there was a fearful bruise. Dr. Kessler was hastily summoned, but it was all too late, as the unfortunate lady had died almost instantly. When Dr. Kessler arrived he gave it as his opinion that death had resulted from fracture of the vertebra of the neck. While the bruises were severe, they might in themselves not have caused death. It is not known whether Mrs. Henker tripped and fell, or whether she was taken with a fit on the stairway, but it is probable that the latter was the case. The stairs were quite steep and Mrs. Henker must have fallen eighteen or twenty feet. There were no banisters and the door leading up stairs was closed. Against this door the lady fell in a heap.

The deceased was fifty-three years of age and leaves a family of grown children—four daughters and two sons. Charles is the well-known barber who has been employed at the Avaline barber shop. Two of the daughters, Hulda and Laura, work for S. M. Foster in the shirt factory. The husband of the deceased was a blacksmith, and suicided many years ago in the old central engine house, by hanging.

The deceased was an excellent Christian lady and was a member of the St. John's Lutheran church. No arrangements have yet been made for the funeral. Coroner Harrod viewed the remains this noon.

BROWN.

Last night, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Brown, 252 East Lewis street, occurred the death of their infant daughter, Laura, aged seven months. Death was caused by cholera infantum. The funeral will be held tomorrow.

BANK BEATEN BY A SHARPER.

F. W. Zellar Obtains the Money on a Raised Check.

DELAWARE, Ohio, July 25.—It has just become known that the Deposit and Banking company has been buncoed by an individual representing himself to be a resident of Radnor township, this county, and named F. W. Zellar. The plan worked by him was a smooth one, he having bought a $2 draft on the Citizens' Savings bank, Lorain, Ohio, which he raised to $500, bringing it to Delaware and getting a certificate of deposit of the Deposit bank for its face. Zella afterward changed the date of the certificate and sold it to the savings bank in this city for $250 cash and their certificate of deposit for the remainder. The savings bank was given credit by the Deposit bank for $500, and the manipulation of the date by the sharper with chemicals was not noticed until they were informed from New York that the draft was bogus and had been raised $243. The man has gone with his $250 cash and a certificate of deposit for the same amount. This leaves the Deposit bank out $500 and the savings bank for $250. The police have been unable to locate the man.

INDICTED.

Mrs. Warren Springer Accused of Attempting Bribery.

CHICAGO, July 25.—Mrs. Warren Springer, the wife of the Chicago millionaire, was held to the grand jury today in bonds of $5,000 on a charge of jury bribing. Mrs. Springer is accused of attempting to bribe two jurors, through their families, in a condemnation suit in which her husband was interested.

A Bishop Consecrated.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., July 25.—At St. Joseph church today Thomas Byrne, the newly appointed bishop of the diocese of Nashville, was consecrated with very impressive ceremonies. Archbishop Elder, of Cincinnati, conducted the service, and Bishop Rademacher, of Fort Wayne, preached the consecration sermon.

Judge Goff Ill.

NEW YORK, July 25.—The republican state convention will be held in Saratoga on September 18.

Boy's Russet Shoes, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 at Thing & Co.'s, 25 West Main St.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY G. A. R. HACKETT.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 25, 1864.

TONIGHT.

PRAYER MEETINGS—At different city churches.

TRADES UNION—Turner's Hall.

WHEELMAKERS important meeting.

LECTURE — Wayne Street M. E. church by Peter Bickford.

LODGES—A. O. U. W. No. 25, Red Men. Knights of the Golden Eagle; Concordia Lodge No. 228, I. O. O. F.; National Union, F. O. S. of A.

The Vehicle Ordinance.

The city council, at its meeting last night, passed the vehicle ordinance, and it will go into effect after it has been given the proper legal publication in the newspapers. The license charged vehicles ranges from $2 to $15 per annum. The bicycle tax is $1 per annum, except for those used by children under fourteen years of age. Persons engaged exclusively in huckstering, marketing, etc., residing outside of the city, must pay license fee ranging from $3 to $12 per annum. The ordinance was passed by a vote of eleven to three. Schold, Summers and Tigar voting no. The measure does not affect farmers in any manner whatever, and is a good law because it will throw the expense of keeping the streets of the city in repair upon those parties who use them.

Dog Days are Here.

The Sentinel desires to remind the boys, although they may be more convenient with the fact then we are, that we are now in dog days and will continue to be until the 11th of August, and that during that time, if the same health rules are in force as when we were boys, they are prohibited from going swimming in the river or running around in their barefeet. Boys are boys, however, the world over and throughout all time, and we suppose they will do as we did during the prevalence of dog days—do as they please and then grin and bear their punishinfliction when the consequences come.

Dog days get their name from the fact that Sirius, the brightest star in the constellation of the great dog, and called the dog star, on these days, rises and sets with the sun. You can see Sirius any winter night. It is a beautiful bluish star as bright as Jupiter, and not a mere star-twin, the great giant who lies there for a belt and sits by a throne. The ancients who did not have enough to discover that the world was round, took notice that the days when the dog star kept pace with the sun they had the greatest heat, and they thought, therefore, that this star produced it.

The Fate of the Senate.

How strikingly history is repeated in the progress of fatal revision as far as it has now gone. In less than two months the house passed a moderate, judicious bill, unmistakably designed to cut off the landers and slopers of protection—a bill, excepting its excellent for republican rules, generally approved by democrats and the country. This measure went to the senate February 1. Had the democratic majority in that body shown the patriotism and statesmanship demanded by the emergency, though hardly expected by any one familiar with the slow coach methods of the senate, it would have cut off the infernal rider at once and passed the house bill in less than thirty days.

What it has done is a matter of record. It is a record of inexcusable delay, which has entailed millions of losses upon the business men and workingmen of the country. It is a record of sugar trust scandal, German politics and senatorial bartering for the protection of local interests and plutocratic trusts. It is capped with a bill which neither commands the approval nor fosters the interests of the country, which the president himself has felt compelled openly to repudiate in the name of democracy, and which, forced upon the statute books of the nation, would give lasting currency if not corroboration to the shameful sugar rumors that have scandalized the senate and amazed the public.

Yet four or five senators declare that either this German compromise sugar trust bill must pass for the protection of their local interests or congress must adjourn and let the public interests go to ruin. In short, their demand is that the democratic party shall bow to the whip of Bayard compromise, that the house, which represents the people, shall surrender to the senate, which does not represent the people, and that the public interests shall give way to private interests.

The Old Fort Monument.

The house committee on military affairs has reported favorably an omnibus bill to mark with monuments certain Indian forts in the old Northwestern territory. Congressman McNagny is interested in the bill, which carries an appropriation of $5,000 for a monument on the site of old Fort Wayne. Mr. McNagny hopes to have congress pass the bill in time to have the corner stone laid September 17, the occasion of the celebration of the centennial anniversary of the foundation of the ancient fort of "Mad Anthony" Wayne. It is not likely, in the present state of congressional business, that this will be accomplished.

The site of the old fort is now within the corporate limits of this city. It is near the confluence of the St. Joseph and St. Mary's rivers, where they form the Maumee, and was a most picturesque spot of grandeur in that vicinity. The following extract from the journal of General Wayne's campaign describes the spot:

"September 17, 1794.—The army halted on this ground at 5 p. m., being forty seven miles from Fort Defiance and fourteen miles from our last encampment. There are 500 acres of cleared land lying in one body on the rivers St. Joseph, St. Mary and Miami; there are fine points of land contiguous to those rivers adjoining the cleared land. The rivers are navigable for small crafts in the summer and in the winter there is under sufficient for large boats; the land adjacent fertile and well timbered, and now every appearance it has been one of the largest settlements made by the Indians in this country."

The site of the fort is in the residence portion of the city. It is an elevated plat of ground in the shape of a triangle, bounded on two sides by Main street and the Nickel Plate railroad. The city has been at pains to improve the spot, which is now surrounded by cannon to indicate its historical military interest. The last ruins of the old garrison disappeared nearly a score of years ago. The Company mill, built by one of the pioneers of Fort Wayne, first was a water mill, but which kept march with the spirit of improvement and continued to fill the wants of the neighborhood farmers for half a century, was a former landmark on the spot, but it was burned some fifteen years ago.

"The care of the children must no longer be left to the church and the street," says the Philadelphia Medical Times. The Australian colonies have a far better system of caring for homeless and orphan children than the United States has. The little ones are not herded together in great institutions, like asylums or a poorhouse. They are taken to a nurturing home and left till a place is provided for them in a private family. Each neighborhood has a local committee connected with the receiving houses. It exercises the religious bent and finds out such families as are willing to take a child to board. The family, with certain classes, its record for healthiness and respectability, are finally inquired into, and none that is not above reproach is allowed to board one of the wards. The colonies pay $1.25 a week for the child's board and furnish a clothing bounty. When the child is of the proper age, a suitable place is found for it in the neighborhood, ensuring that all this time has maintained an oversight over it. The oversight continues till the youth is 18 years old. The wages earned have meantime been put by in a savings bank. Then the boy or girl steps out into the world a well brought up, self-respecting individual, with a bank account. It does not by better system of dealing with homeless and orphan children then this, it has not been found than far.

STATE NEWS.

The city council of Connersville has ordered an extensive system of sewerage, which is meeting with great opposition from the taxpayers.

Another electric line is projected at Hammond, to run through West Hammond and Burnham, connecting with the Calumet line for Chicago.

While a fire company was answering an alarm at Evansville, Joseph Meyer, fourteen years old, ran in front of a reel and was crushed to death.

Walter, thirteen years old, son of Thomas Scroggins, of Morgantown, while playing in a wheat bin, was caught in a chute and suffocated.

Dr. Robbins and other gentlemen propose launching a small steamer on the Wabash at Montezuma, on which they will make a tour of the Arkansas river.

George Powell, of Mt. Vernon, became intoxicated and attempted to whip his wife. The woman disarmed herself with a club, fatally crushing her husband's skull.

A spark from a Wabash locomotive set fire to a field of oats on the Hyman farm, in Wabash county, and twelve acres were consumed, together with sixty panels of fencing.

Wilson, twelve-year old son of N. J. Sherman, of Clinton township, Cass county, together with a son of Bolivar Hankee, found a dynamite cartridge, which Wilson proceeded to hammer with a stone while the Hankee boy looked on approvingly. An explosion resulted in which both kids were frightfully hurt.

John Everly, of Rosemaike county, twenty-three years old, met death most singularly. He assisted William D. Fawley and Milton Black in running a traction engine, which broke down, and while his companions repaired the machinery he threw himself on the ground in front of the engine for a nap. When the repairs were completed the men started the engine and he was crushed to death.

Two well dressed ladies from Urbana, O., arrived in Tipton yesterday and caused the arrest of Thomas F. Stinson, a well known blacksmith of that city, on the charge of bigamy. The woman making the complaint claims to have married him in 1879, and that two children are the result of the union. Mr. Stinson went to Tipton about six months ago, and married Miss Ada Murphy. He admits that he was previously married. A preliminary hearing will be had on Monday next.

George B. Herron, keeper of the sport shop at Bunker's station, who was whipped by "White Caps," claims to have recognized several of his assailants, and he has caused warrants to be issued against George Meiers, Jacob Doll, Wm. Minor, Frank Staph, Cliff Johnson and Arthur Gwynn. Meiers is a banker and wealthy farmer, Mr. Doll is an ex-member of the legislature and Messrs. Minor and Staph are well to do farmers. Herron asserts that one of the white cappers held a pistol to his face, saying that he would be killed if he did not leave the country.

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens.

"I occasionally use, when my condition requires it, Dr. Simmons Liver Regulator, with good effect.

"Hon. Alex. H. Stephens."

It saves the Children.

"My little boy was very bad off for two months with diarrhoea. We used various medicines, also called in two doctors, but nothing done him any good until we used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave immediate relief and soon cured him. I consider it the best medicine made and can conscientiously recommend it to all who need a dysentery or colic medicine. A. E. Hare, Trenton, Tex." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

A WARTIME TRAGEDY

THE SLAUGHTER PEN IN THE CRATER OF BURNSIDE'S MINE.

Troops In Unusually Mason Hurled Into the Breach, Where They Were Caught In a Trap Under a Murderous Fire—A Battle Anniversary Story.

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IN JULY 30, 30 years ago, there was consummated in the trenches at Petersburg a tragedy which at the time was unknown to the world, but which in history as the "American Bastile Pen" has had the victims gone to unmarked graves of unknown dead, changing columns trampled into mire by the parallel would involve two days battle with cross-sabres bludgeons, and the poor soldiers who could "But do and die" were hopelessly gaged, needlessly sacrificed.

Burnside's mine was laid with extraordinary skill and labor directly under a Confederate fort with the defenders of Petersburg had constructed on a spur of the ridge sheltering the town on the east. The construction of this fort had been carried on under the eyes of Burnside's guns, and the peculiar nature of its trenches, adapted to cross fire to shelter troops from bullets by sole, assault as from horizontal firing, had made such with determining the result when Burnside attempted to carry out the plan of the line by storm after exploding a mine under it to open a breach. The excavation for the powder chamber was made by detailing a most laborious work under fire from a point within the Union trenches to a point under the center of the fort to be blown up. The labors were civil engineers belonging to the regiment of Pennsylvania regiment. They suffered intensely in the long, close gallery and carried out of the mouth of the tunnel and slumber by hand. Toward the end the work was slow, which based a month, their strength was supported mainly by whiskey. They became weak to effect well. The engineers had to be done with the utmost stealth to prevent being by discovery and discovery by Confederate picket and trench guards so thoroughly on alert. While the excavation was going on under the fort its fortifications were firing at intervals, threatening to cave in the roof or set fire to the cotton bales. No accident occurred, although the Confederates suspected the mine and attempted to fire the cotton to a counter mine. Finally the charge of 8,000 pounds of powder was securely packed in place, a spliced fuse was laid to the magazine, and the order was given to explode it at daylight on July 30. The Ninth corps, under Burnside, occupied the trenches in the night and left at the mine, and three of his divisions were whose troops were ordered to move into the breach to the assault, and to place took place. No preparation whatever was ordered or made by any commander of the troops of the army or of the corps to facilitate the rapid execution of this charge. The Ninth corps trenches in front of the mine had been constructed under a cross fire, and the Confederate bastiles, bastiles and rifle pits and were so much like those of the Confederates across the way that one description will do for both sides.

West of and behind the site of the mine is a large ridge in rolling outlines and cultivated, in a considerable height above Cemetery Hill. That hill commands the city of Petersburg, and the defenses of the rebel forces of Petersburg secure by general approaches and some favorable time by a sudden shock the position and hold that height. At the beginning of the siege the opposing lines along this ridge were several hundred yards apart, but the space had been reduced to about 100 yards by the gradual extension of the besieging and defensive trenches toward each other. Burnside kept working forward on his side unnoticed, and the Confederate rocket toward him kept better position, the both sides, the mortar and rifle batteries and sharpshooters of their lines in traffic with working parties and with reliefs going to and out. Between the front lines and the camps in the rear. The parties on working parties at the extreme fronts were sheltered constructed in regard to, or nearly parallel to one another. Communication between these parallels and between them and the camps behind them was had through another system of this kind connected at an angle with the parallels. At convenient points bomb proofs of various sizes were constructed by excavating sections from 3 to 4 feet deep and building up walls and roofs of logs covered with earth and sod and bags of sand. In a supposed case, the first line of breastworks in front of the Ninth corps, opposite the mine, was on the crest of a sharp ridge and was really higher than a man's head. The charging columns of the best division were expected to mount this obstacle as it bounded the mouth at the first blow, up, and, beyond to hand, dash or rout the parallel would involve two days battle with cross-sabres bludgeons, and the poor soldiers who could "But do and die" were hopelessly gaged, needlessly sacrificed.

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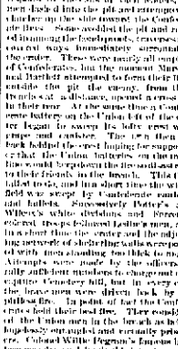
"FOLLOW AT YOUR PERIL!"



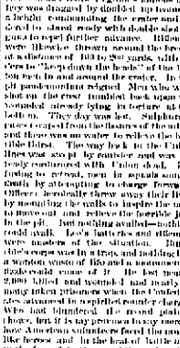
WAITING BEHIND

to the crater before the Confederates on the right, left and in rear of the breach could recover from their surprise. Now, siege ladders were provided, and there were no instructions given to the battalion and company officers of the regiment as to the best method of getting their men across the fort fully number to the moment of several.

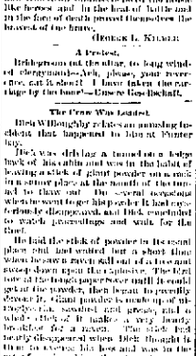
The soldiers of the leading division—General Ledlie's First division, Ninth corps, were conducted to their station in the midnight through the covered trenches and halted at the base of the high broad work already described, where they lay under cover until daybreak. They were then massed in columns of regiments and had no liberty to do so in mental and energy under the best methods for setting the assault.

They had not received how to act in the shock to go. All they knew was that a mine was to be exploded under the Confederate works—which none of them had never seen in daytime—and that they were to charge into the breach. The leading of the mine was skewed by a defective fuse, but it finally exploded nearly two hours late.

Meanwhile the Confederates were not napping. The fort itself was occupied by Captain R. M. Pegram's Virginia battery, and the trenches, which mount the system of walled citadels, bomb proofs and other shelter for infantry on both sides of the factory, by the Eighteenth and Twenty-second South Carolina infantry. These men, mounting several hundred, were asleep all except the sentinels, but they had had frequent warnings and were ready for the assault. Pegram's battery had four and eight pieces, the battery and the sections of works adjoining on both sides were soldered by the air and less effective and were never buried in the debris. Their cannonade, when occupying half the space, and all the cannon, which is to convey by the explosion was not fired to this hand. The Confederate division manning the works, though not so trained, had been an most during 24 fights and put up under cover ready to repel a moment's notice. It was well known in Lee's camps that Grant was to come this day in front of Cemetery Hill. He was waiting out for that bright and with the preceding 24 hours. And a thunderous heavy bombardment



THE CRATER AFTER THE EXPLOSION

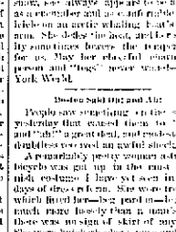


THE CRATER AFTER THE BATTLE

FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

Pictorial "Crambo."

A very amusing pictorial modification of the old game of "crambo," in which the last word of one line of verse is furnished by one player to his next neighbor, who thereupon has to write another line to rhyme with it, is described by an exchange. This new game is pictorial instead of poetical. In it three or more players sit around a table. Each has a pencil and a piece of paper folded twice—that is, into three sections. Then each player draws a picture of the head of someone—man, beast, bird, fish or imaginary and monstrous object—in the curves the lines of the neck of his picture just over the first fold to serve as a guide to the next player.



There he folds the paper over so that the head will not be seen and passes the paper along to the next left hand player, who draws a body for the beast, also carrying the lines a little below the fold.

It is this as passed on as before, and the next left hand player draws the legs to finish his body.

Of course when all three papers have been passed around each man has drawn a head, a body and legs, but each line drawn them on a different slip and so much other portions of a body which he has not seen. The papers are then unfolded and unrolled, and the combinations are always found to be curious and laughable. The picture given above was produced in such a game.

It adds to the interest if each player has in his mind a particular set of creatures, so that the head, body and legs which he draws would, if they were all on the same paper, produce something like a real picture. The "building up" in such cases is likely to be funnier than if each player had taken a new task with each paper.—Youth's Companion.

Riding on a Giraffe.

General Sir Evelyn Wood is likely to remember his return a great deal longer in his lives. Many years ago, while passing through Jessia, in India, with a party of friends, he was entertained by the nawab, who possessed a collection of the rare animals, such as giraffes, rhesbuks, etc. Brigade Major Wood, as he was then, offering to ride the giraffe, the animal was brought out bareheaded, with no bridle or a rope round his neck. Wood mounted from the railway onto the back of the creature, which started off at a great pace, but when it neared down into a gallop the curious movement made the rider, although an old sailor, "seasick," if the term may be used of a land creature.

Hitherto he had ridden well, the giraffe's queer movements and awkward bounds affording the onlookers much amusement. At last Wood fell off, receiving a blow on the head from the animal's knee and then, in the fall from the feet. The fall was threatened to be fatally, but although he was carried away insensible he recovered after a few hours—to ride a giraffe never more forever.—Little Folks.

A Mounting Mate Nest.

While in California, says a writer, I was fortunate enough to discover a humming bird's nest. Such a tiny affair! It was placed on a twig not as large as a lead pencil on one of the lower limbs of an orange tree and was so covered with lichens the sagacity or the luck of the finder that it was difficult to find it again, even after I knew about where to look. The nest was nearly the size of the bare cup, soft, built almost entirely of the feathery plumes of the pampas grass, covered with lichens. It is lean, and all held together not to the limb with something greatly resembling spider web. Within this marvel of construction were two contemporaneous eggs, almost too small to describe. I visited the nest several times and nearly always found the mother bird at home. She was a faithful guardian and never left the nest but for a few minutes at a time.

The Singing Lessons.

Out of doors the sun is shining,
Through the window, warm and mild,
Comes the chirp of mating robins,
Like a song of joyful spring-tide.

And the notes flute as robin
Wooing mate flies from twig to twig,
Makes believe the plaster cherubs
Can repeat her children's tongue.

—Eliza Foreman.

Stock Jackes.

"Oh, dear," sighed a little girl of this city, "I'm so tired of lessons! I know what I'll do when I grow up."

"What?"

"I'll be a teacher."

"But teachers have to study too."

"I know that. But it's so much easier to learn the questions than to learn the answers."—Washington Star.

Mrs. Cleveland's Courtesous Text.

Every now and then, writes a Buzzard's Bay correspondent of the New Bedford Journal, I hear from private sources instances of the great tact and courtesy of Mrs. Cleveland toward her neighbors of the Cape, which is the 1— crot of her popularity with them. The Cape is Republican, but Mrs. Cleveland is above par with nearly everybody. I heard an old bronzed sea captain, very polite to ladies, as most of his craft are, roll how he met Mrs. Cleveland and Miss Ely Buth several sea ornaments, among them, as I remember, a whale's tooth, and what letters of acknowledgment he received in reply. I made out from his story that if Mrs. Cleveland has been writing to an enemy she would not leave him more pensive and deferential than she was to this simple hearted, civilization man of the sea, and his face as he was telling us the story was lighted up as a knight errant's might have been when descanting on the virtues of his lady. "One touch of nature makes the whole world kin."

The Girl That Blooms in Spring.

This is a glorious summer. It brings many healthy discoveries. Cathars with brown dirts, tempers sizz, and the whole

LEE'S SHORT BEWARE

AND ECONOMIZE YOUR TIME, HUSBAND YOUR STRENGTH & INCREASE YOUR PLEASURE BY USING

SANTA CLAUS SOAP

BEST PUREST AND MOST ECONOMICAL

Sold everywhere made by THE N.K.FAIRBANK COMPANY Chicago.

Go With Us Around The World.

We offer to our subscribers the most beautiful art work ever published at a merely nominal cost. This is an entirely new work, every plate being made especially for it. It is called

"FAMOUS PAINTINGS OF THE WORLD."

It is a collection of PHOTOGRAPHIC REPRODUCTIONS OF GREAT MODERN MASTERPIECES. It contains specimens of the great paintings of all art-producing nations and includes ONE HUNDRED OF THE MOST NOTABLE PAINTINGS at the

WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

It exemplifies the most ATTRACTIVE, INTERESTING, PURE and INSPIRING qualities of contemporaneous art. It contains a superb introduction by the greatest living novelist, GEN. LEW. WALLACE.

GEMS OF MODERN ART

Reproduced by the perfected half-tone process, having the appearance of the most perfect photographs. So large a collection of photographs of paintings could not be purchased for less than $1,000, and yet these photographic reproductions are offered to the public at the insignificant price of TEN CENTS for each portfolio.

Every picture is described by the brightest and best of America's writers on art subjects. These descriptions are not technical or prolix, but bright and interesting.

The materials for this publication have been gathered out of the most Famous Galleries and Finest Private Collections in the Old World and the New.

All eminent artists are represented, but the minor artists and young aspirants for artistic honors—whose names are not yet household words—have not been overlooked. The Committee of Selection have often chosen a meritorious and pleasing picture by a comparatively unknown artist in preference to an unattractive subject by a painter of prominence. This magnificent art work is in itself a

Home Gallery of Famous Masterpieces.

Do not fail to secure the first portfolio at once. The first Portfolio contains sixteen reproductions of great paintings, and also the magnificent introduction by GENERAL LEW. WALLACE.

All the future portfolios will contain sixteen reproductions of MASTERPIECES OF MODERN ART.

No Woman Can Be Happy and light-hearted when painful female complaints crush out her life.

If she is melancholy, excitable, nervous, dizzy, or troubled with sleeplessness or fainting spells, they are symptoms of serious female weakness.

A leaf out of the experience of Mrs. Anna Miller, who lives at Dubring, Pa., shows that *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound* will cure that terrible weakness and bearing-down pain in the abdomen, the dizziness in the head, the feeling of irritability, and loss of appetite.

"I can highly recommend your Vegetable Compound," she writes, "for all female complaints. It has cured many cases where the best doctors failed."

LATEST FROM CHARLESTON

SUMTER ON FIRE!!

REBELS FIRING ON THE BURNING FORT!

BEING ADDED A BULLETIN DAILY.

What To Get

In buying a War Book.

GET one that is a complete history, written with access to the Official Records and not one consisting of brief accounts of detached events.

GET one written in popular style for the people by authors of acknowledged literary ability and not one full military technicalities understood only by military men.

GET one illustrated by artists of national reputation, who were on the spot when the events occurred.

Get 32 pages at the price others charge for 16 pages.

Get one with pages 16¼x11¼ instead of those much smaller. It costs no more.

Each part 32 pages. Every page 16¼x11¼ inches. Over 1000 illustrations published in Harper's Weekly during the war.

The complete text as published by Harper & Bros., written by Alfred H Guerns sey and Henry M. Alden, editors of Harper's Monthly, assisted by Richard Grant White, President Garfield, Gen'l Joseph T. H. Johnston and others, with access to the Official Records. Illustrated by Nast, Forbes, Eytinge and others. 25 parts only, each part 10 cents.

CLIP COUPON FROM TODAY'S ISSUE.

IVORY SOAP
"IT FLOATS"
IS NOT LOST IN THE TUB.
IVORY

WANTED.

WANTED—A girl to take care of baby and do second work. Apply at [illegible]

WANTED—Collectors and solicitor, reference and bond required. Address F, care of Sentinel.

WANTED—Washing, ironing and house cleaning [illegible]

WANTED—A first-class [illegible]

WANTED—Good business or residence property [illegible]

WANTED—A few good men to work for the Fidelity [illegible]

WANTED—An agent in Fort Wayne [illegible]

WANTED—At Mrs. Fitzpatrick's Employment [illegible]

SALESMEN—Wanted in every county [illegible]

MILITARY INSTITUTE [illegible]

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms [illegible]

FOR RENT—New house of five rooms [illegible]

FOR SALE.

FOR TRADE OR SALE—[illegible]

FOR SALE—Well bred driving horse [illegible]

FOR SALE—Or trade for other property [illegible]

FOR SALE OR RENT—[illegible]

LOST.

LOST—At Brown city, July 19th, pocketbook [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

REAL ESTATE DEALER.

[illegible]

SCHRADER & WILSON, 1st floor No. 7 Court st.

LOUIS F. CURDES,
Real Estate Agent, Rooms 3 and 4 Bank Block,
[illegible]

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MARY WHERY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. [illegible]

HATTERSLEY & SON
PLUMBERS,
Steam and Gas Fitters,
48 East Main St.,
FORT WAYNE, IND.

BROU
THE GREAT FRENCH CURE
[illegible]

E. KRAMER,
SIGN · PAINTER
30 E. MAIN STREET.
Neat and Best Work. Cheapest place in the city.

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HE KEPT HIS WORD.

1—My Dear Wife: I have to make a few colored drawings to-night and will be a little late. Lovingly, Jeo.

2—The colored drawings.

ANOTHER UNFORTUNATE

Thomas McDermott Run Down by an Engine.

Change in the Wabash Trainmaster Office—The Switchmen's Union's Condition.

At 1 o'clock this morning there was another accident out in the Nickel Plate yards, similar in character to the accident which caused the death of John Atkinson the preceding night.

The victim is Thomas McDermott, of Bellevue, Ohio, who came here to look for work, having lost his position through the strike some weeks ago. There are conflicting stories concerning the accident and no one seems to know exactly how McDermott happened to be caught in his perilous position. From what could be learned, the unfortunate man was a conductor on the eastern division of the Nickel Plate and had been discharged. He came here to seek employment from Trainmaster S. K. Blair, but was refused on the grounds of not needing any more conductors. McDermott then went out in the yards, presumably with the intention of getting upon an eastbound train and going home. He says he became confused in the darkness, lost his way and was run down by an engine. The wheels passed over both legs, mangling them badly. The poor fellow's cries brought the yard men to his assistance and he was picked up, placed on an engine and taken to Broadway, and thence to St. Joseph hospital. Dr. Barnett was called. He found the man in a bad condition. The right leg was crushed between the ankle and knee and the limb was amputated a few inches below the knee. The left leg was also badly crushed and at this hour, 2:30 o'clock, Dr. Barnett is amputating the limb at the knee. The surgeon has little hopes of saving the man's life. He was greatly weakened by the shock of the accident and loss of blood before surgical aid arrived and this will be against his recovery. McDermott has a wife and family and a mother living at Bellevue. The former arrived here this afternoon and is now at the bedside of her husband.

A THING OF THE PAST.

Terre Haute Express: The Switchmen's Mutual Aid association is a thing of the past. Grand Master Miles W. Barrett, being asked for the cause, said:

"Nothing more or less than the defalcation of our treasurer, Simerott. We have been busy in Chicago seeing to the books which Simerott kept, and finding out the precise financial standing and other matters. As to our financial standing, I may say that we have found Simerott's defalcation amounted to $32,000, this by a careful examination of the books recently. The officers of the organization are now engaged in clearing up its business. Everything will be finished up this month. The beneficiaries, of whom there are about seventy-five, will be paid within a short time. Then we shall proceed to reorganize. A meeting for the formation of a local switchmen's union has already been held in Chicago. Similar meetings will be held in Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City and Denver and other large cities. When these have been organized each will elect a delegate to a national gathering, and we shall there reorganize a new association of yard men. This will take place within a few months' time, we hope."

MINOR MENTION.

Frank Casey, of the Pittsburg smith shop, is taking a lay off.

Collars' ball club was defeated at Decatur yesterday by a score of 18 to 14.

H. G. Clark has been appointed general superintendent of the Kansas Pacific Northwestern.

Louis Hudry, clerk at the Bass works, is recovering from an illness and will soon report for duty.

Edward Brookmeyer, of the Bass foundry, has gone to Bingen, Ind., to help his father during harvest.

Michael Hausbach has returned from Andrews, where he repaired some engines for the Wabash company.

E. C. Campbell, who has charge of the elevator at the electric light works, is sick and Peter Johnson is acting as elevator man.

The general depression in business has robbed many families of the summer vacation on the seashore or other summer resorts.

Mrs. N. G. and Miss Maude Rhoades, wife and daughter of Brakeman Rhoades, of the Pittsburg, have gone into Kosciusko county to spend ten days camping out. The are accompanied by Miss Ethel Pearson, daughter of the engineer.

C. A. Durand has been appointed assistant general freight agent of the Cleveland, Akron and Columbus railway, with headquarters at Cleveland.

The Bass blacksmith shop is well supplied with orders for work at present. Just now the men are engaged in making forgings for government vessels.

W. B. Croy is able to walk out, though still unable to return to work. Mr. Croy cut one of his legs with an adze at the east car shops a few days ago.

Joseph Jordan, who has charge of the engine room at the Bass machine shop, has returned from a very successful fishing expedition up the St. Joseph river.

Frank Tooker, the resident agent of the Electric Light company, stationed at Pittsburg, is here with a party who wishes to purchase some electrical machinery.

It is estimated by the Financial Chronicle that the "hard times" have caused a net loss to the railroads of the country during the past six months of $100,000,000.

John Collins, who was attacked by paralysis in the Pittsburg shops on January 9, has nearly recovered from the stroke. He will resume work in the shops next week.

The Lake Erie and Western is anticipating a large excursion party to Niagara Falls Thursday, August 2. This will be the first excursion of the season to that point.

The remains of John Atkinson, the unfortunate Nickel Plate brakeman, were forwarded to Sarnia, Ontario, yesterday afternoon. The deceased's relatives reside in that city.

The Big Four shops at all points are steadily increasing their working force, and the superintendent of motive power expects to have them running at their full summer average soon.

John McMullen, the contractor, is rebuilding the residence of Andy Kalbacher, on East Wayne street. The house will be one of the most handsome on that street when completed.

There was a slight wreck in the Wabash yards yesterday morning. A flat car collided with another car and was thrown across the track. Passengers on the east-bound "plug" had to leave the train at Fairfield avenue.

At a meeting of the Order of St. George last night, John T. Leach, of the Pittsburg shops, was chosen delegate to the grand lodge for the sixth time. The grand lodge meeting will be held in East Liverpool, Ohio, this year.

The railroad boys are beginning to appreciate the merits of the "Pompeii" exhibition. Last night the attendance was good and the trainmen and shopmen were well represented. There will be two more entertainments—Thursday and Saturday nights.

Herbert Hetler, who for some years has been working in a factory in Cincinnati, arrived home yesterday. He will remain here until notified of the resumption of business by the firm who gives him employment, their establishment now being closed.

The most of the roads report a satisfactory increase in freight traffic, but their reports do not agree with the statement of east bound shipments out of Chicago, published elsewhere. However, there is no denying the fact that local freight business is unusually heavy.

The United States Express company has issued a circular letter to its employes who remained faithfully at their posts during the railroad strike. Besides thanking the men for their loyalty the letter contained $10 for each recipient, the company distributing $1,600 in this manner.

The first meeting of the National School of Electricity, which was held at the Y. M. C. A. hall last night, was presided over by Thomas Duncan, who delivered an interesting lecture. A. L. Hadley presided over the practical illustrations, explaining them as he proceeded.

About midnight Frederick J. Hambrock was badly injured at the Bass foundry. He was lifting a heavy weight and slipped and fell with his back across a casting. He was taken to his home, 20 Jane street, in the patrol wagon. His injuries are serious, as he is an old man.

The locomotive department of the Pittsburg shops are running only five hours per day this week, the appropriation for operating expenses of this part of the works for July having been nearly exhausted. The east car shops are running ten hours and the down town car shops eight hours per day.

East bound shipments from Chicago last week amounted to 29,145 tons against 4,142 for the preceding week, and 47,359 for the corresponding week of last year. The roads carried tonnage as follows: Michigan Central, 1,945; Wabash, 671; Lake Shore, 5,212; Fort Wayne, 1,917; Panhandle, 6,974; Baltimore and Ohio, 1,619; Grand Trunk, 1,569; Nickel Plate, 3,182; Erie, 2,281; Big Four, 440.

A new position—that of "improvement agent"—has been created on the West Virginia Central and Pittsburg road, and W. C. Russell has been appointed to fill it. Mr. Russell's duties will be to answer inquiries concerning the natural resources of the country along the line of the road, secure the co-operation of capital and labor for their development and act generally for the good of the road and the contiguous country.

Business continues fairly good at the electric light works and the orders for machinery are equal to the output. To-day the company commenced shipping the machinery for the plant which it is putting in at Richmond, Ind. The plant will consist of four sixty light arc and one 1,500 light alternating dynamos, 240 arc lamps and the other necessary paraphernalia. Two big contracts for lighting plants were secured by the firm this morning.

Tomorrow morning C. E. Wells will assume the duties of trainmaster of the first and second districts of the Wabash road between Toledo and Danville, vice C. F. Sisler, who will take a passenger run on the main line of the system. Mr. Wells was a passenger conductor for many years on the Detroit line. He passed through this city this morning, enroute to Peru. Mr. Sisler has been trainmaster for two years and filled the position to the entire satisfaction of the company. His resignation and return to a run on the road was his own wish.

The town of Mishawaka has rebelled against the treatment accorded it by the Lake Shore company. In 1852 the Lake Shore erected a passenger station and freight depot at that place. Both buildings were of frame and are standing, mute testimony to the durability of the materials. The time came when the people complained, but the original buildings continued to do business at the old stands and the trains persisted in whizzing by with a tantalizing toot. The Grand Trunk developed into a grand trunk line and the Elkhart and Western came in. The result is that as far as possible the people are withholding their patronage from the Lake Shore railroad and giving it to the other lines.

When Traveling.

Whether on pleasure bent, or business take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

Subject to Pain in the Stomach.

Elder S. S. Beaver, of McAllisterville, Juniata Co., Pa., says his wife is subject to cramp in the stomach. Last summer she tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for it, and was much pleased with the relief it afforded. She has since used it whenever necessary and found that it never fails. For sale by druggists.

Mothers, Be sure and use "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for you children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. Mar8eodawly

Summer Complaint.

Last fall I was taken with a kind of summer complaint, accompanied with a wonderful diarrhoea. Soon after my wife's sister, who lives with us, was taken in the same way. We used almost everything without benefit. Then I said, let us try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which we did, and that cured us right away. I think much of it, as it did for me what it was recommended to do. John Hertzler, Bethel, Berks Co., Pa. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

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Get your World's Fair books bound at The Sentinel office. tf

Call at Wabash Ticket Office and get one of those descriptive books on how to make the trip to Mackinac Island by water. They are free. 20 tf

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

STAMP OUT WHITE CAPS.

Governor Matthews, of Indiana, Does Not Believe in Temporizing.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 25.—For several weeks the executive department has been in correspondence with local prosecutors in counties in which white cap outrages have been committed, and the governor has made up his mind to give them attention as soon as he returns from a short trip to the east. Until within the past month white cap depredations have been less frequent than for years, but the recurrence of them indicates a revival of the organization in several counties, and the executive proposes to stop the disease before it becomes epidemic.

Governor Gray was greatly troubled by appeals from the local officers, but after investigation in connection with the attorney general, came to the conclusion that he was powerless to do anything and that the remedy lay with the local authorities. Governor Hovey took the same view, but Governor Matthews will adopt a different policy and hopes to effectually put a bar to further outrages. It is understood that his plan involves the use of the militia in those counties where the white cap organizations have succeeded in intimidating the officers to such an extent that grand juries are afraid to indict and sheriffs and constables afraid to enforce the law.

NEWSPAPER MAN DROWNED.

Arthur Campbell, of Toledo, Taken With a Cramp While Bathing.

TOLEDO, Ohio, July 25.—Arthur Campbell, a member of the Commercial staff and the Toledo representative of the Chicago Herald, was drowned shortly before 7 o'clock last evening while swimming in Ten Mile creek at West Toledo. Mr. Campbell was fond of outdoor sports and had been playing a practice game of base ball. Together with another attache of the Commercial he went to the river for a bath. When in deep water Mr. Campbell was seized with a cramp. Although an expert swimmer he was unable to keep above water. His companion, Mr. Kemp, is unable to swim, and before assistance could be secured Mr. Campbell had drowned. His body was recovered after a long search. Mr. Campbell was one of the brightest and best known newspaper men in this city and had formerly been connected with various papers in Detroit. He leaves a widow and three children.

INJUNCTION STANDS.

Judge Woods Gives Debs Time in the Indianapolis District Case.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 25.—In the case of Eugene V. Debs et al. vs. the United States of America, pending in the federal court in this city, Judge Woods ordered it recorded that the motion to continue the injunction heretofore issued in this case be continued to the first Tuesday in September, 1894, and plaintiff may have until that time to file an amended bill, with leave for defendants to file earlier action. A like order was recorded in the case of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago Railway vs E. V. Debs. Edward C. Weeks, charged with being the leader of the Hammond strikers, went to jail in default of $800 bond. If Debs is convicted at Chicago the case against him here will probably be dismissed.

SUICIDED BY BURNING.

Wife of a Sullivan, Ind., Educator Ends Her Life.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., July 25.—The wife of Superintendent Raines, of the Sullivan schools, yesterday committed suicide by setting fire to a brush heap and then jumping into the flames. Several of her friends were out picking blackberries and she slipped away from them and took her life in the manner described. She was sent to the southern asylum about four months ago and about one month ago she returned here. A few weeks ago she attempted to take her life by hanging.

ATTENTION, DEMOCRATS.

A Call for the Election of Delegates to the State and Congressional Conventions.

The democrats of Allen county are requested to meet on Saturday, the 4th day of August, 1894, at the usual place and time for holding primary elections in the several wards and townships, for the purpose of electing by ballot sixty-six (66) state delegates to attend the state convention, to be held at Indianapolis August 15, 1894.

In said convention the townships and wards will be entitled to the following number of delegates:

TOWNS'S.	DEL.	TOWNS'S.	DEL.
Aboite	1	Adams	[illegible]
Cedar Creek	1	Eel River	[illegible]
Jackson	[illegible]	Jefferson	[illegible]
Lake	[illegible]	Lafayette	[illegible]
Madison	[illegible]	Marion	[illegible]
Maumee	[illegible]	Milan	[illegible]
Monroe	[illegible]	Perry	[illegible]
Pleasant	[illegible]	Springfield	[illegible]
St. Joseph	[illegible]	Scipio	[illegible]
Washington	[illegible]	Wayne	[illegible]

CITY OF FORT WAYNE.

WARDS.	DEL.	WARDS.	DEL.
First	[illegible]	Second	[illegible]
Third	[illegible]	Fourth	[illegible]
Fifth	[illegible]	Sixth	[illegible]
Seventh	[illegible]	Eighth	[illegible]
Ninth	[illegible]	Tenth	[illegible]

At the same time and place you are requested to elect in the same manner sixty-six (66) delegates to attend the congressional convention of the Twelfth district, when called.

The apportionment of delegates in the several wards and townships will be the same as that of the state convention, as above specified.

JAMES M. BARRETT,
Chairman.
E. H. PARKER,
Secretary.
25-28w2t.

See Pompeii tomorrow night.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, July 25.—Wheat, steady; July, 51¾c; Sept., 53¾c; Dec., 56¾c.

Corn, lower; cash, 43½c; July, 43½c; Sept., 43⅝c; Oct., 43c.

Oats, easier; July, 31½c; Aug., 27½c; Sept., 27⅞c.

Pork, steady; July, $12.52½; Sept., $12.52½.

Lard, steady; July, $6.85; Sept., $6.85.

Ribs, firmer; July, $6.60; Sept., $6.57½.

Rye, quiet; 46c.

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Stanton's Photos are the best. Corner Calhoun and Columbia Streets.

Get your World's Fair books bound at The Sentinel office. tf

LIVE STOCK

SHORTHORNS.

It Is Still Deemed Best to Import British Shorthorns.

In spite of the 60 years of Shorthorn breeding in the United States, the finest types of this popular family are yet believed to be imported from Great Britain. Why it is we know not. In blooded breeds of some other animals we are becoming independent of the old country.

IMPORTED SHORTHORN BULL.

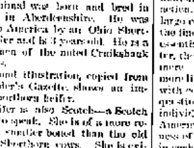
In Jersey cattle we are so already. We have bred a type of American Jersey that is superior to those even in the original island of Jersey. But the Shorthorns are still brought over the water.

Here is a noble specimen of a Shorthorn bull.

This animal was born and bred in Scotland, in Aberdeenshire. He was brought to America by an Ohio Shorthorn breeder and is 3 years old. He is a fine specimen of the noted Cruikshank Shorthorns.

The second illustration, copied from The Breeder's Gazette, shows an important Shorthorn heifer.

This heifer is also Scotch—a Scotch lassie, so to speak. She is of a more rounded type, smaller boned than the old fashioned Shorthorn cows. She is evidently built to give her calves the blood that makes thick steaks. A thin beef-



IMPORTED SHORTHORN HEIFER.

steak is an abomination in the sight of gods and men. The thicker it is the sweeter and tenderer the meat. The meat must get its thickness on the cow's back, however, not from the butcher's knife. The two Shorthorns here given show the popular red and roan colors of their family at the present day.

The Sheep and Turnips.

July is the proper time to sow that of English turnips to have them in good condition for market, eating or feeding stock. If our farmers would realize how easily this crop can be grown, either by sowing with grass seed or alone on land from which some other crop has been taken or is soon to be taken. Three hundred or 400 bushels in a crop that is often easily obtained in this way, and much larger crops have been grown without any manure but that which was put on for the previous crop, unless perhaps a little phosphate or ground bone was applied with the turnip seed. As they usually sell readily at the market for an average price of 30 cents a bushel and are called worth 10 or 15 cents for stock feeding, and any that are not large enough to pull may be allowed to freeze and rot in the ground, making a green manuring that is excelled only by clover or peas. If even by these, it seems strange that our farmers do not pay more attention to them. A distinguished statesman once said that the foundation of the prosperity of England was sheep and turnips, but New England neglects both, with the exception of a limited section in Vermont, where sheep are grown, but mostly of fancy breeds, from which they supply Australia and other countries with sires, from which they breed flocks to supply us with wool. Perhaps our country would have been richer today if we had never exported a ram.—American Cultivator.

Notes.

A writer in a scientific journal speaks of the usefulness of the bark of the sassafras root as a spring tonic for horses. The roots are given to the animals in the feeding trough, and the bark is peeled by them with great avidity. It has the effect of assisting the shedding of the coat and gives smoothness and glossiness to it. It stimulates the appetite and strengthens the animals.

A fat animal is not necessarily or even presumably the most healthy. If a horse is kept very fat constantly, he will lose force and vigor and become more susceptible to diseases and less able to recover from their attacks. Close confinement and high feeding may produce an animal pleasing to the eye, but not one that will wear well in any protracted service. Two classes of horses will repay generous feeding—the colt in the formative period, when rapid development and symmetry of parts are sought, and the horse that is being worked hard steadily. Great muscular force put forth in drawing heavy loads consumes the tissues, and nutritive food is requisite for repairs. A horse needs the regimen that will keep every function of the system alert and healthful, with no excess of development in any part.—Montreal Star.

As soon as the weather begins to get cool it is a good plan to give poultry, particularly laying hens, a warm feed in the morning and a second feed of whole corn just before they fly upon the roost at night if they are in close quarters. In warm weather upon a farm, poultry that has free range can shift for itself and make itself useful by eating up slugs and insects.

NEW BREED OF HORSES.

Are We to Have a Distinct and Genuine American Coacher?

The director of the experiment station attached to one of the state universities is at present considering the propriety of evolving a type of coach horse distinctly American and superior to the kindred breeds of Europe. It is proposed to select a few large trotting mares, size, coaching formation and "trappiness" of action to be the desiderata, and a stallion of similar build and gait, yet possessed of a reasonable measure of speed. When bought, these animals will be turned over to the professor of animal husbandry, and from them a type of large, high acting coach horse is to be evolved. In the state which supports the experiment station in question a large number of carriage horses are annually produced, and the pressure is being brought to bear upon the director by numerous small breeders who have been using imported coachers and from others who have pinned their faith to the trotter, but claim to have failed to some extent through lack of fixity of type in the progeny of the stallions to which they bred their mares. That we have in America today the materials from which a breed of coach horses superior to any now existent could be evolved, and that many of the imported coach stallions have failed to prove themselves desirable sires, cannot be successfully controverted. Therefore the abstract principle of the measure now being considered is essentially a correct and desirable one. Granting this, it remains to inquire shortly into the causes for such a demand on the part of the small breeders and farmers and as far as possible outline procedure and results.

Between 1885 and 1890 the demand for stallions of the various coach breeds was active, and thousands of German coachers, French coachers, Cleveland bays and hackneys—the last named much in the minority—were brought to American shores. Size was insisted upon by the purchasers, and in consequence importers were compelled to select stallions rather coarse in their formation and naturally inferior in their action. It seldom happens that very large coaching stallions exhibit either the fineness or the high lifting action so essential to excellence of coach character, those of medium weight being much more generally desirable and much more likely to reproduce their own image with certainty. Bearing further on this question are the facts that really good individuals, either imported or bred in America, are high in price, and the dullness of the times renders the investment in such a horse a risky one. The values, however, of good coach pairs and single brougham horses have been maintained at a surprisingly high level, notwithstanding the demand is, of course, much more slack than it was a few years ago. Mindful of this and finding that coach horses are profitable to the producer as well as the dealer, breeders are unwilling to relinquish their enterprise and sacrifice that which they have attained in the way of up grading.

Trotting bred stallions having been used largely for the production of coach horses and having proved successful in cases, though failing in the main to beget a uniform progeny, the breeders naturally turn to certain strains of the trotting breed, believing that in them exists the foundation on which may be built up a type from which moderate priced and successful sires might be drawn. From a practical as well as a theoretical point of view, therefore, the belief that a type of American coacher should be fixed so firmly as to produce its own image with comparative certainty and regularity, is one of which if properly followed up will result in benefiting the breeding interests. It may be contended by some that there is no necessity of such an experiment; that there are now plenty of trotting bred stallions abundantly able to beget good coach and carriage horses. Such stallions there are, it is true, but at the same time they are scarce, few having the necessary size and tower the right kind of action. There are enough, however, to form a new breed in a comparatively short space of time.—Horseman.

Live Stock Points.

Burn the bodies of all live stock that dies of contagious disease, from goslings to 2,000 horses that weigh a ton. So shall you serve your country and yourself.

Sheep upon plowed land do not get grubs in the head. They can rub their noses in the soft earth and rid themselves of the grub fly.

At some recent sales in the Chicago stockyards beef heifers brought a higher price per hundredweight than steers did.

It is well to turn a ram into a cornfield or a potato patch separate from the ewes till he is wanted for breeding purposes in August. If he is turned into such fields the first of June, he will not eat potato vines at all or the corn till the ears are formed. He will, however, eat grass and weeds between the corn rows and potato hills. So will all sheep.

Did you ever hypnotize a chicken? Lay it down upon its side, draw a chalk line straight outward from its beak, and it will remain quiet and motionless, with its eyes fixed upon the line for a considerable time. We never saw this done, but we know people who have seen it.

Look out for cut and dried horse cures. They crop up in the most unexpected places this summer.

Breed for thick steaks.

On large farms where numbers of sheep and cattle are raised, it is often better to have accommodations for doing the slaughtering at home. The meat can be put upon the market in top condition and in attractive and tasty shape.

The good live stock man will take care that no animals, from horses to hens, get old and past their prime upon his hands.

TORTURING ECZEMA

Editor Iowa Plain Dealer Cured of Insufferable Itching and Pain by the Cuticura Remedies.

No Less Than Five Physicians Consulted. Their Combined Wisdom Followed Without Benefit.

[illegible]

Editor Iowa Plain Dealer, Cresco, Ia.

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS

[illegible]

Sold throughout the world. [illegible]

PIMPLES, blackheads, chapped and oily skin cured by Cuticura Soap.

FREE FROM RHEUMATISM. [illegible]

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSION!

Thursday, August 2, 1894, via the Lake Erie and Western R. R. "Natural Gas Route."

On Thursday, August 2, 1894, the Lake Erie and Western R. R. will run their popular annual excursion to Cleveland, Chautauqua Lake, Buffalo and Niagara Falls at following very low rates, viz:

Peoria, $7.50; Bloomington, $7.50; Lafayette, $6.00; Michigan City, $6.00; Indianapolis, $5.00; Tipton, $5.00; Lima, $4.00; Fort Wayne, $5.00; Muncie, $5.00; Connersville, $5.00; Rushville, $5.00; New Castle, $5.00; Cambridge City, $5.00; Fremont, $4.00; Sandusky, $4.00.

With corresponding reductions from intermediate points.

In addition to the above, the purchasers of these tickets will be given privilege of special excursion side trips to Lewiston-on-the-Lake, including a steamboat ride on Lake Ontario, for 25 cents. To Toronto and return by Lake from Lewiston $1.00; to Thousand Islands, $5.00. Tickets for the above side trips can be had when purchasing Niagara Falls ticket, or at any time on train.

Besides the above privileges, with that of spending Sunday at the Falls, we will furnish all those who desire a side trip from Brocton Junction to Chautauqua Lake and return FREE OF CHARGE.

Tickets of admission to places of special interest at or near Niagara Falls, but outside the reservation, including toll over the International Bridge to the Canadian side, elevators to the water's edge at Whirlpool Rapids on the Canadian side, will be offered on train at reduction from prices charged after reaching the Falls.

Do not miss this opportunity to spend Sunday at Niagara Falls. The excursion train will arrive at Niagara Falls 7.00 a. m., Friday, August 3, 1894, and will leave the Falls returning Sunday morning, August 5, at 6 o'clock, stopping at Cleveland Sunday afternoon, giving an opportunity to visit the magnificent monument of the late President Garfield, and many other interesting points.

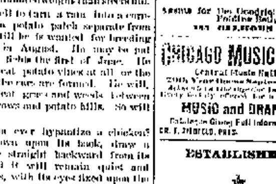
Tickets will be good, however, to return on regular trains leaving the Falls Saturday, August 4, for those not desiring to remain over. Tickets will also be good returning on all regular trains up to and including Tuesday, August 7, 1894. Secure your tickets, also chair and sleeping car accommodations, early. Those desiring can secure accommodations in these cars while at the Falls. For further information call on any agent Lake Erie and Western R. R., or address

C. F. DALY, Gen. Pass. Agent,
19tf Indianapolis, Ind.

G. W. BRUNS & CO.
PLUMBERS.
Agents for the Goodrich Half-Hour Folding Bath Tub.
[illegible]

CHICAGO MUSICAL COLLEGE
Central Music Hall, Chicago.
[illegible]
MUSIC and DRAMATIC ART.
[illegible]

ESTABLISHED 1845.



J. C. PELTIER,
17 W. Wayne St.
[illegible]

M. W. FAY
WAREHOUSE CO.
STORAGE
[illegible]

SCHEUMAN & KLAEHN, Funeral Directors and Embalmers. [illegible]

D. O. WEISELL & SON
DENTISTS
PIXLEY & LONG BLOCK.

FT. WAYNE LOAN OFFICE. [illegible]
DIAMONDS, WATCHES, [illegible]
GREATEST BARGAIN HOUSE IN INDIANA. [illegible]

COUPON
HARPER'S PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE CIVIL WAR.
PART 14. NUMBER 3.
[illegible]

HARPER'S WAR VOLUMES

May 18, 1849.

To The Editor:

Volume No. 5 of Harper War Book just came, and it surprised me greatly to find the large colored map. Accept thanks for your promptness. I thought the other parts couldn't be beat, but they seem to grow better. If others appreciate the value of what you are giving for only 10 cents, you must sell a host of them, for if anybody once sees these War Volumes they must be as much surprised as I have been at so much, and so good, for such a low price. You deserve a vote of thanks for what you are doing. The good done by placing this great Harper history of the civil war in reach of every man, woman and child cannot be calculated.

Yours very truly,
F. B. D.

Pennsylvania Lines.
[illegible]

THE WABASH LINE—Trains Carrying Passengers Leave Fort Wayne. Schedule of May 13, 1894.
[illegible]

INDIANAPOLIS TIME CARD.
[illegible]

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.
[illegible]

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN—Fort Wayne Branch.
[illegible]

NICKEL PLATE.
The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R.
[illegible]

FT. W., C. & L. R. R. and L. E. & W.
[illegible]

Cincinnati and Indianapolis Time Card.
[illegible]

All Summer Long
[illegible]
LAKE MICHIGAN AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSPORTATION CO'S
ELEGANT STEAMSHIPS.
The Great Lake Route which touches The Northern Michigan Summer Resorts.
[illegible]
LAKE MICH. AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANS. CO.
Rush and N. Water St. Chicago.

SUMMER SUITS, NEW GOODS, NEW Patterns.

Just Received a Full line of New Summer Suitings.

Prices to Suit The Hard Times.

Call and Examine the Stock and Leave Your Measure before the Summer Rush Commences.

Fred Hardung,
N. W. Corner Main and Clinton Sts.

"This Hot Weather"

Depraved by the millions of flies is certainly too oppressive when considering that we can fit you out with

Screen Doors AND Screen Windows

Of all sizes and designs at prices heretofore unknown.

USE OUR

MONARCH GARDEN HOSE

For settling the dust and cooling the air about your house and reap the beneficial results and comfort of a small investment.

THE

MONARCH HOSE

Will render you the longest and most satisfactory service of any house in the market.

We are Headquarters for Hose Reels, Lawn Sprinklers, Nozzles and a general line of Hose repairs.

PFEIFFER & SCHLATTER,
38 and 40 East Columbia Street.
Telephone 86.

To the Lady of Fort Wayne,

We are ready to do all kinds of Hair work, making Switches, dressing hair on head, cutting Bangs in the latest style, Shampooing, Manicuring and Massage for the face; will call at house. Orders can be left at the Thermer Bath Room, corner of Clinton and Berry St.

Mrs. S. M Raines,
Mrs. Carrie Storms.

THE NEW YORK HAIR BAZAAR.

All kinds Switches, Bangs, Curling Irons, Alcohol Lamps, latest novelties in Hair ornaments—Hair Dressing and Shampooing, Manicuring and Face Steaming.

MISS. E. C. RODENBECK,
No. 29 E. Washington St.

LOW RATES

To Mackinac Island, Via Wabash R. R. and Steamer Lines.

The Wabash is now running its trains in connection with the elegant new steel passenger steamers plying between Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac Island and other northern lake ports. Low single and round trip rates offered by this popular route. For tickets and state room reservations apply to Wabash Passenger Station. Telephone No. 6. 20 tf

Clarence Smith, cashier of DeWald & Co, has returned from a ten days' trip to Niagara Falls and points east.

Mergentheim's Bazaar

ATTRACTIVE ATTRACTIONS ATTRACT ATTRACTORS.

Our store is the ATTRACTIVE hive of Bargains. The ATTRACTIONS we offer in every department ATTRACT the most skeptic ATTRACTOR.

COST SALES

Are now the topic of conversation in every home in the city. Our Bazaar is well known to the ladies of Fort Wayne as the popular Bargain Store. Some stores advertise mid-summer sales which they say will last only a week. Every lady that buys Dry Goods knows that our prices the year around are lower in every department than at those stores whose remarkable sales are for one week only.

THIS WEEK

The ladies will find greater inducements than ever. Step in to those so-called "One Week Stand" sales, then visit Mergentheim's Bazaar where Bargain Sales go on forever.

Mergenthiem's Bazaar

Main & Calhoun Sts.

VITALINE

The only true Blood and Nerve Tonic. No Opiates or Bromides. For sale by

MEYER BROS & CO.

FREE! FREE!

A nicely illustrated 80 page Lincoln Story Book given to every purchaser of of a package of LINCOLN TEA, price 25 cents. Ask your druggist, or

Lincoln Tea Co., 50 Harrison St.

Call on Madame Wing, the only reliable clairvoyant and fortune teller in the world. Office and residence 28 Chicago street, Fort Wayne, Ind. Price 50c. 19 tf

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 35 and 36, Bank Block. 2tf

Well water is attributed as the cause of four cases of typhoid fever in this city. All the cases are on Charles street.

The Evening Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 25, 1894.

Persons Desiring THE DAILY SENTINEL served at their homes can secure it by postal card, request, or order through telephone 173. Where delivery is irregular or is late, please make immediate complaint to the office.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office.........No. 173.
Editorial Rooms........No. 650.

Our Thermometer.

10 A. M.......................87°
12 M.........................89°
2 P. M........................90°

The Weather.

CHICAGO, July 25.—8:30 a. m.—Weather conditions and forecasts: A storm condition is developing over the Dakotas, with falling barometer and gathering clouds. Thunder showers are probable today and tonight in the Dakotas, Nebraska, Iowa and Minnesota, and are probable tomorrow in the middle and upper Mississippi valley and upper lake regions. Thunder showers are also probable this afternoon in Pennsylvania and New York; elsewhere fair weather is indicated.

Don't fret about the mercury,
Or watch it all the time.
The old thermometer won't burst,
However it may climb.
It doesn't do you any good
To count up the degrees,
And all your talk about the heat
Won't start a bit of breeze.

Don't fan yourself too much. It makes
You hotter when you stop.
Don't tell the suffering neighbors that
You feel as if you'll drop.
Don't drink too much cold lemonade,
A glass or two will do,
And don't ask everybody,
"Is it hot enough for you?"

Just go about your daily tasks
As calmly as you can.
Don't hurry. Take things easy, and
You'll be much easier than
The chap who groans and frets and stews
And fusses all the time.
Just follow this advice, and you'll
Be glad you read this rhyme.

NEWS NOTES.

Gust Didier is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. W. Meyers leaves today for Boston.

P. F. Langschert and wife, of Berne, Ind., are guests of the Randall.

Miss Mary Shuster has taken a position as clerk in the People's store.

John Pauley, late of the Rich hotel, went to Indianapolis this morning

Carl P. Swain is home from an extended trip in the east for the Bowser Oil Tank works.

Miss Euretta Banister gave a delightful card party last evening in honor of Miss Favor, of Chicago.

Mayor C. B. Oakley and T. D. DeVilbiss left at 2 o'clock this morning for a business trip to Chicago.

Harry Overman, of Detroit, special agent for the New York Fidelity and Casualty company, was in the city yesterday.

The Young Men's chorus club of St. Mary's Catholic church, will run an excursion to Rome City, on Tuesday, August 21.

Mrs. Dr. Coblentz and her sister, Mrs. Minley, go to Monroe, Mich., today, to spend the summer with friends at that place

Mrs. Thomas Jackson and family left on Pittsburg train No. 8 last evening for Pennsylvania, where they will spend several weeks.

Mrs. Will Breen, Misses May Troutman and Anna Aurentz are at the convent of St. Mary's of the Woods, near Terre Haute, on a short visit.

Degree of Honor No. 11 will give a lawn social at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Line, of East Washington street, on Thursday evening of next week.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Rademacher and several of the Catholic clergymen of this city, are at Crawfordsville, attending the silver jubilee of Rev. John R. Dinnon.

There was a special meeting of the Elks last night, at which George Kelly, a traveling man from Columbus, was initiated into the mysteries of the order.

Miss Carrie Shaw, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Shaw, of Warsaw, is in the city visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Goodenough, 103 Williams street.

Peter Rijnhart, missionary from Tibet, gives tonight an extremely interesting and illustrated lecture on Tibet in the Wayne Street Methodist church. Subject: "Prayers and Prayer Machines." Admission free.

Miss Josephine Cope, of S. B. Thing & Co., accompanied by Miss Jennie Walter, of 146 East Lewis street, left this morning for Grand Rapids and Muskegon, to visit relatives and friends. They will be gone six weeks.

Miss Edna Rouns and Miss Velma Ohneck gave a pleasant garden party last evening in honor of the Miss Lucy and Theo Heneberry, of Peoria, and Miss Amelia Romond, of Detroit. A brief dance program was a feature and the occasion was a most enjoyable one.

Yesterday afternoon John J. Pauley closed out a deal giving possession of the Hotel Rich to Henry Monning. Mr. Pauley retires to take charge of another business of the same nature. Mr. Monning is a successful and well known hotel man and conducted the Aldine in this city in a highly satisfactory manner. Mr. Pauley is one of the best known hotel men in the state and since his management of the Rich has worked up a big trade for the hotel.

Michigan Peaches and Warsaw Blackberries for This, Wednesday, Afternoon.

100 baskets of Peaches from Kalamazoo, Michigan, extra nice, 30c and 45c basket.

Warsaw Blackberries, 10c quart.

Extra Large Georgia Watermelons, 30c each.

Fresh Tomatoes, down to 5c lb.

Large Cucumbers, 4c each.

Nutmeg Melons, 10c and 15c and 20c each.

FRUIT HOUSE.

Mrs George C. Custor, of Chicago, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Ad Link.

Mrs. W. A. Cruxton and son left today for a two weeks' outing at Warsaw.

Mrs. H. M. Jones, of DeWald street, has gone to Macinac Island to stay a few weeks.

Mrs. Estelle Slagle and son, Cecil, left the city today for an extended trip through the west.

The ladies of the Berry street M. E. church will give a social at the church parlors Friday night.

Fred Beach and Will Gouty rode to Toledo yesterday on their wheels to attend the bicycle races at that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Christ Voelde, of No. 55 Winter street, will appropriately celebrate their silver wedding on Friday.

The members of the Y. P. S. C. E. of the Third Presbyterian church will give a street car party next Friday evening.

Mrs. C. H. Piatt, of 232 Harmer street, will entertain the Ladies' Aid society of the U. B. church tomorrow afternoon.

More people witnessed "The Last Days of Pompeii" from the outside of the grounds last night than from within the park.

Hundreds of bicycles have been stolen in different cities over the state, but Fort Wayne has been quite lucky so far this season.

There will be an old-fashioned basket picnic at Williamsport next Saturday, in which a number of Fort Wayne people will participate.

The Peru Evening Journal says: "Henry Andres went to Fort Wayne this evening to see Mr. Voirol, his father-in-law, who is sick."

Fred C. Gates, of Washington C. H., Ohio, is in the city visiting friends and attending to some special business relative to an invention of his.

There will be an ice cream social tomorrow evening at the Salem Reformed church by the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor.

The Newsboys' union will hold another meeting Friday evening to discuss "important business matters." They will meet at the city hall.

The Findlay (Ohio) Republican says: "Rev. S. E. Greenawalt and family leave today for Fort Wayne, Ind., where they will spend several weeks."

The Decatur Democrat says: "Mrs. Ulrich Deininger and two daughters, and Mrs. H. H. Bremerkamp, are visiting relatives and friends at Fort Wayne."

Rev. F. T. Simpson, presiding elder of Fort Wayne district, will preach at Berry street Methodist Episcopal church tonight at 8 o'clock. The public is cordially invited.

Ex-Police Officer Gushing will shortly take a position as motorman on the electric street cars. Ex-Officer Kohlo is talking of going in the restaurant business on Calhoun street.

Mrs. Ira Evans and two children have gone to Monroe, Mich., where they were joined by Mrs. Evans' sisters from Toledo. They will occupy a cottage on the lake shore for several weeks.

A very pleasant lawn social was given last evening by Miss Mary Bong at her home, 60 West Lewis street, in honor of Miss Elizabeth Waldman, of Van Wert, who has been visiting in the city as the guest of her cousin, Miss Cora Bassett.

J. D. and B. F. Collins, of Chicago, and W. H. Collins and wife, of Huntington, will arrive in the city today and will join the Misses Mollie and Anna Collins, of West Main street, who will accompany them to Clear Lake for a two weeks' outing.

A handsome memorial volume, containing accounts of the death of the late Hon. Franklin P. Randall, has been printed in New York. The edition is limited and was gotten up mainly for members of the Randall family. The book is very handsomely bound.

The Huntington Democrat says: "Ira B. Crist has purchased C. S. Lininger's interest in the Midway restaurant and took possession today. Mr. Crist was formerly a resident of Fort Wayne. Mr. Lininger is not decided as to his next move, only that he intends to leave for Kentucky on Monday."

The following are the scores made yesterday by the regular league base ball teams: At Louisville—Louisville, 3; Cincinnati, 4. At Chicago—Chicago, 18; Pittsburg, 11. At Cleveland—Cleveland, 13; St. Louis, 9. At Cleveland—Second game—Cleveland, 4; St. Louis, 2. At New York—New York, 1; Baltimore, 0.

Last Wednesday a most delightful party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Martin in Jefferson township, in honor of the thirty-fourth birthday of Mrs. Martin. A large number of guests from this city and Payne, Ohio, were present. In the evening a bounteous supper was served. The guests were entertained enjoyably until midnight. Mrs. Martin was the recipient of many presents.

The Decatur Democrat says: "Miss Minnie Christen gave a lawn party at her beautiful home, north of this city, Sunday, in honor of her guest, Mr. Lawrence Magley, of Kenton, Ohio, and Misses Nellie and Josephine Fox, of Fort Wayne, who is the guest of the Misses Celia and Anna Smith, of North Third street. The merry party returned to the city and spent an enjoyable time at the home of the Misses Smiths.

A midnight attack by Indians on old Fort Wayne will be shown in fire works at Pompeii tomorrow evening, the last but one of the exhibitions in this city. The block house will be pictured in fiery outlines, the rifles and cannon of the garrison responding to the assault with a heavy fire. The device has been in preparation for nearly a week past and will be in complete readiness Thursday. Other numbers will be a repetition of Tuesday's beautiful floral garden, 150 feet in length; the funny monkey acrobat, flying pigeons, fish, big sun wheel and the Chinese pagodas.

J. H. Bass went to St. Louis last night.

Mrs. H. M. Green left last evening for Boston.

Clair Fisher, of Pittsburg, Pa., is the guest of G. W. Mudd and family.

Miss Fannie Hurlbut, of the Kyle Music company, is taking a vacation.

Miss Anna Scherer of Lafayette, Ind., is visiting friends and relatives in this city.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Sommers is very ill with dropsy of the brain.

Misses Sadie, Mamie and Flora Wenninghoff have left for Edgerton and Bryon, Ohio.

H. K. Mudd, a machinist in the Pittsburg shops, returned from Pittsburg last night

Miss Abbie Pfeiffer has joined a party of excursionists for a trip of the lakes, via Detroit and Macinac.

Mr. and Mrs. F. V. Culbertson have returned from Port Clinton, Lakeside and Catawba Island, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hoffman and family and Mr. Brooke Sale left for Mackinac Island yesterday.

Harry Culbertson left today for Decatur, Ind., on a business trip in the interest of his firm, R. G. Dun & Co.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hoffman and family and Brook Sale left yesterday over the Wabash for a tour of the lakes.

The Ladies of the Grace Reform church are going to give and Ice Cream social and entertainment tomorrow evening.

The Misses Fay Higginbotham, Leo Cole and Maggie McCabe, of Antwerp, Ohio, are visiting their little friend, Ethel Saylor, of South Wayne.

Mrs. John Wessell, sr., is the guest this week of Mr. and Mrs. John Ritter, of Chicago, who frequently visit here and are quite well known.

Miss Hanna and Robert Carnahan will leave tomorrow for the coast of Maine, where they will join Mr. Carnahan's parents, who are located there for the summer.

Druggist and Mrs. F. J. Miller, of Wallace and Lafayette streets, and a party of friends drove to Columbia City yesterday and spent the afternoon with friends.

Yesterday afternoon, George W. Robinson, who has been residing in this city for the past four months, left for Tacoma, Wash. He will make that city his future home.

Miss Augusta Logerman, of St. Martin street, was surprised by a number of her friends calling upon her last evening to assist in celebrating the young lady's twenty-first birthday.

Rev. James F. Wells, of Kansas City, Kan., is here spending a few days with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Wells, of 276 Walton avenue. Mr. Wells is a brother of Mrs. I. H. Case, of the Arcade music house.

Mrs. W. B. Kelly, of 179 Hanna street, wife of the passenger brakeman on the Pittsburg road, leaves today for a few day's visit in Ohio. She will visit Upper Sandusky and Dunkirk and will join her daughter, Madge, who has been in Ohio for two weeks. They will both return home on Saturday.

Miss Grace Crosby, of West DeWald street, entertained the following party of young friends last evening: Misses Lillian Pressler, Carrie Smith, Stella McClellan, of this city; Miss Lillian Strong, of Pleasant Lake, and Long, of Butler; Messrs. Herbert Mudd, Will Smith, Geather DeVilbiss, Charles E. Wright and Will Holmes.

Last evening Miss Mary Gamrath very pleasantly entertained a number of her friends at a lawn fete, at her home on West Main street. Various games were played until 12 o'clock, when a dainty luncheon was served, after which dancing was indulged in until a very late hour, when the merry guests departed for their homes. Those present were the Misses Katie Hitzemann, Mary Miller, Emma Meyer, Sou Thiele, Mary Kotthoff, Emma Lehman, Lena Wehnert, Lizzie Wellman, Maggie Miller, Marie Gamrath, Messrs. Henry and Fred Shafer, Will Thiele, Henry Badtmueller, Fred Thiele, Christ Bergmann, Charley Engelking, Will Tegtmeyer, Charley Hitzemann and Charley Gamrath.

BOYCOTT A MUNCIE MILKMAN.

Discharged a Member of the Militia and the Company Retaliates.

MUNCIE, Ind., July 25.—A boycott has been declared on a Muncie dairyman by the Muncie Fencibles, of the state militia, because the dairyman, Stephen Hamilton, discharged a driver of one of his wagons for obeying orders and accompanying the company to Hammond. The soldier boys are calling on each of Hamilton's patrons with disastrous results to the man. He says he will ask Governor Matthews to send the Anderson militia company here to stop them.

FATHER AND SISTER SHOT.

Fatal Error of the Son of a Market Gardener.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 25.—John Collins, a market gardener, last night thought he heard thieves in his garden and started to investigate. He was followed by his daughter, Maggie. Mrs. Collins heard the two and supposed them thieves. Arousing her son William, he got his gun and shot both father and daughter. The former is dead and the latter is dying.

Cholera.

LIMA, July 25.—Since Saturday eight new cases and four deaths have been reported. There has been one death from the disease at Hamlal.

Nominated Simpson.

HUTCHISON, Kas., July 25.—Jerry Simpson was nominated by acclamation at the populist congressional convention here today.

In Executive Session.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—At 2:30 p. m the senate went into executive session and a democratic caucus probably will follow.

Ice cream social at Church of Christ, corner of Jefferson and Griffith streets, Thursday evening.

MRS. QUICK ARMED.

Comes Back at Her Husband With a Revolver.

The Patrol Wagon Makes Two Long Runs to the East Yards Boarding House—Boy Arrested.

There is more trouble at the east yards boarding house kept by W. H. Quick and wife. Last Sunday the patrol wagon was called to go out to the establishment and quell a domestic cyclone which appeared at the time to be sweeping everything before it. The patrol wagon made a long run, as the report which came to police headquarters was to the effect that Quick was abusing his wife shamefully. When Officer Hines reached the boarding house he found a Sabbath like stillness prevailing and was unable to induce Mrs. Quick to make an affidavit against her husband.

This morning, however, another call came for the wagon to hurry to the Quick boarding house as Mrs. Quick had a revolver and was trying to shoot her husband. After another long run Officer Hines found things quieted down somewhat, but this time the tables had been turned. The officer learned that Mrs. Quick had secured a dangerous looking weapon and flourished it about in a wild manner. That a colored woman who had been employed as cook had taken the gun from her and the cook's husband had, in turn, taken the pistol from her. It seems that Mrs. Quick objected to colored help, hence the row. When she saw the police coming Mrs. Quick made her escape on a street car, and the officer was unable to make an arrest.

A LITTLE DAFT.

On South Calhoun street last night Officer Paul arrested a young fellow who said his name was Merchant E. Perry. The fellow appeared to be rather daft, and on his person was found some chemicals from which he claimed he intended making a bomb to "blow all the water out of Lake Michigan." The lad has been a grocery clerk in an Illinois country town and his head has been turned with dime novels. 'Squire France sent the would-be anarchist to jail for thirty days.

WATCH STOLEN.

Sheriff Clausmeier is looking for a thief who stole a watch from a vest at the stone yard of Wyckhoff, Griebel & Co., yesterday.

PLANNED TO DESTROY THE CITY.

Thirty Residences Saturated With Oil by Incendiaries.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., July 25.—A bold attempt was made last night to burn a block of buildings in the most densely populated part of the city. The residence of George O'Brannon was the first to go. Two masked men with a bucket full of coal oil saturated his house and applied the match. The cracking of timbers awoke O'Brannon. No sooner had he reached the door than he was confronted by the men, who ordered him back. With a shotgun O'Brannon's wife went to her husband's rescue. She was about to fire when the scoundrels escaped in the darkness. By this time the flames were making great headway, but were subdued with buckets of water. An examination of the thirty buildings showed they had been saturated with inflammable fluid, and all that remained to be done was to apply the match.

RESUMED WORK.

The Allen Paper Car Wheel Works at Pullman.

CHICAGO, July 25.—The Allen Paper Car Wheel works at Pullman started up today with about a dozen new men. The officials of the company say they have no connection with the Pullman company beyond renting power from it; that they have notified their employes to return to work, guaranteeing them protection, and that unless they return the company proposes to go ahead and operate the works with new men. There is no evidence of weakening among the Pullman strikers. They have a perfect bicycle patrol system and keep all who show a disposition to return to work under espionage.

HOLDER HANGED.

Making the Seventy-eighth Executed by Maldon.

FORT SMITH, Ark., July 25.—T. Louis Holder was hanged in the United States jail yard here today. He was the seventy-eighth man hanged by George Maldon, the federal executioner here. Holder killed George W. Breckford in the Indian territory while on a hunting and trapping trip.

Ladies' Oxford Ties, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, at Thing & Co.'s, 25 West Main St.

Lemons Have Declined.

Good Lemons, 10c doz.

Bananas, fine, 12c doz.

Watermelons from 20 to 35c, fine stock.

Blackberries, 12c quart.

Fresh Meats of all kinds.

Bronzinger's Bread.

Everything fresh at

THE MARKET,
4 and 6 Harrison St.

Reserved Seats to Niagara.

For excursion of August 2. The sale of seats in chair cars which will start from the Lake Erie and Western Ry. depot, Fort Wayne, will commence July 26. 25 4t.

The best Shoe for Men's wear at $1.50 are made in eight different styles. Thing & Co.'s, 25 West Main St.

Stanton's Photos are the best.
Corner Calhoun and Columbia Streets.

Ice cream and cake 10c, at the Berry street M. E. social Friday night. 25-3t

White Kid Slippers, $1.00, at Thing & Co.'s, 25 West Main St.

For Sale.

Fine Buggy; "Columbus" make.
23-25 A. B. WHITE.

Indian attack in Fort Wayne in Fireworks. Pompeii.

690 pair Ladies' Button and Blucherette Lace Shoes, regular $1.50 Footwear, this week $1.00. Thing & Co, 25 West Main St.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

The Proceedings at the Meeting of That Municipal Body.

At the meeting of the city council last night all the members were present except Councilman Mohr.

A petition was received from ex-Policeman Limecooley, who recently retired from the police force after many years of service, in which he asked that he might be given a position by which he can obtain a livelihood, on the claim that he had served the city during the best years of his life, and now felt that he should be provided for. The petition was referred to the finance committee.

The committee to which was referred the vehicle ordinance to make amendments, reported the ordinance and recommended its passage. Later the ordinance was read a third time and passed. It goes into effect on its passage and publication. This ordinance does not apply to farmers.

The committee having in charge the ordinance providing for the annexation of South Wayne, asked for further time, as many persons interested were absent from the city and could not be consulted.

Councilman McDonald moved to strike out section 47, of the rules, which makes it necessary for a two-third's vote of the council to change the rules. Mayor Oakley ruled that the motion would have to lay over four weeks. As authority on parliamentary law Mr. McDonald quoted Thomas B. Reed.

A resolution introduced by Councilman McDonald, prohibiting the introduction of business by others than members of the council, was passed.

Councilman Tigar spoke of the recent changes in the board of public safety, and stated that the council had not been officially notified of the fact. Mayor Oakley stated that at the last meeting of the council he had prepared a letter and that it had become mislaid, and since that time it had escaped his mind

Misses' Canvas Oxford Ties, Leather Trimmings, big value, 37c. Thing & Co, 25 West Main St.

See Pompeii tomorrow night.

For a good time, attend the Berry street M E social Friday night. All invited. 25-3t

Don't Put It Off.

Don't put off until too late but go at once and get a dozen of Stanton's enamel finish, any style, cabinet photos, for $1.50.

This is just half price, and guaranteed to suit you. Gallery over Graffe's jewelry store, cor. Calhoun and Columbia streets.

Pompeii closes THIS WEEK!

Get your World's Fair books bound at THE SENTINEL office. tf

A fine Kid, Button, Patent Leather Tip Shoe, for ladies' wear, regular $2.00 Shoe, for $1.50. Thing & Co., 25 West Main St.

Fort Wayne Races from August 27 to September 1. 24 tf

Take your girl to the Berry street M. E. social Friday night. Ice cream and cake, 10c. 25-3t

Men's Patent Leather Shoes, the new needle toe, for $4.00 at Thing & Co.'s, 25 West Main St.

Pompeii closes THIS WEEK!

Get your World's Fair books bound at THE SENTINEL office. tf

Home Seekers' Excursions.

One fare for the round trip; limit twenty days. Going to nearly all the southern states, Aug. 7th, Sept. 4th, Oct. 2nd, Nov. 6th and Dec. 4th; going to Michigan, Aug. 19th and Sept. 18th. If you want the very lowest rates for a pleasant and profitable tour, inquire of Agt. L. E. & W. Ry. 23tf

Indian attack on Fort Wayne in Fireworks. Pompeii.

Have your Portfolios bound at THE SENTINEL office. Samples can be seen at the office. tf

You can buy Ladies' Patent Leather Strap, Sandal Slippers at Thing & Co.'s for 87c; perfect beauties. 25 West Main St.

See Pompeii tomorrow night.

White Leaf Flour, for sale by all first-class dealers. 19tf

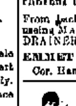
Stanton's Photos are the best.
Corner Calhoun and Columbia Streets.

Everything used by Amateur Photographers at 44 Calhoon St., second floor.

PREVENT the SEWER GAS and WATER

From Backing up in your Cellar by using MARTIN'S PATENT CELLAR DRAINER and BACKWATER TRAP.

EMMET MARTIN, the Plumber,
Cor. Hanna and Buchanan Streets.



The Kyle Music Co.,
82 Calhoun Street.
Sheet music played for customers. Everything in music and jewelry.
Cash or easy payments.

BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Attend the Fort Wayne Business College. Summer School begins July 2. Full course of study and practice. Arrange to enter now. 3-1m

We will deliver any Chicago paper to any address by boy or by mail; the daily for 50c per month, Daily and Sunday 75c per month.

AT LEHMAN BOOK AND NEWS CO.,
81 Calhoun Street.

THE BOSTON STORE.

Our Great Clearing Sale is the Talk of the Town. No Such Bargains Were Ever Offered Before in Dry Goods.

Domestics and Linens.

3½c Towelling reduced from 5c.
5c Linen Towelling reduced from 7c.
8c Linen Towelling reduced from 10c.
17c Red Table Linen reduced from 25c.
25c Red Table Linen reduced from 30c.
25c Unbleached Table Linen reduced from 33c.
37½c Unbleached Table Linen reduced from 50c.
Lonsdale Muslin reduced to 6½c.

Wash Dress Goods.

5c Dress Ginghams reduced from 8 1-3c.
All our 10 and 12½c Dress Ginghams reduced to 8 1-3c.
10c Dotted Swisses reduced from 15c.
Best Indigo Blue Print reduced to 4c.
Apron Ginghams reduced to 4c.
All our Best Fancy Dress Prints reduced to 5c.

Everything in our Entire Store is Sold at Cost to reduce Stock.

William Hahn & Co.,

The Boston Store.

Bug Killer Fumigators, and Disenfectants.

Hellebore, Insect Powder, Brimstone, London Purple, Paris Green, Chloride of Lime, Slugshot, Sulpher Candles, Camphor, and Coal Tar products. Sticky and Poison Fly Paper.

MEYER BROS. & CO. DRUGGISTS,

Red Seal Boiler Compound

For the removal and prevention of Scale, Grease and Dirt in Steam Heaters and Boilers. Manufactured by

The CHERRY CHEMICAL CO.,
Office, REED BUILDING, Philadelphia, Pa.
Agent Wanted for Fort Wayne and Vicinity. Write for Circular.

Sheriff's Sale.

Execution No. 2,096.

In the Superior Court of Allen county, state of Indiana.
Samuel C. Paine vs Estella C. Stringer.
By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed and delivered by the clerk of said court, in above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale at public auction, at the court house door in said county, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock p. m., of the 18th day of August, 1894, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following described premises, viz:
Lots ninety-two (92) and ninety-four (94) in Williams' addition to the city of Fort Wayne, Allen county, Indiana.
Also lot ninety-three (93) in Williams' addition to the city of Fort Wayne, Allen county, Indiana.
And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time, and in the manner aforesaid, offer for sale the fee simple of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendant to satisfy said order of sale.
EDWARD F. CLAUSMEIER,
Sheriff Allen County.
Randall & Donaldson attorneys. 25-4t

DR. J. S. McCURDY
DENTIST,
Removed to
21 WEST BERRY ST.
(Ground Floor.)
In east half of building occupied by Mr. F. R. Barrows' Art Gallery.

Subscribe for THE SENTINEL.

THE CHICAGO BAKERY,
W. F. GELLER, Prop.

ICE CREAM

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Capacity 1000 gallons per day. Private families, picnics, Etc., supplied on short notice.

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Telephone No. 163.

BUGGIES,

Harness,
Bicycles.

JOE. W. BELL,
11 and 13 E. Columbia St.

HEINE & ISREAL,

Practical Painters and Paper Hangers.

Wall Paper,
Paints,
Oils,
Varnishes,
Picture Frames Made to Order.

The Best Goods in town for the Least Money.

FIRST-CLASS WORK GUARANTEED.

NO. 123 BROADWAY.

Telephone, 519.

PAIN'S "LAST DAYS OF

POMPEII"

POSITIVELY CLOSES THIS WEEK.

THURSDAY, JULY 26th.

Gigantic Fireworks Features, Including

INDIAN ATTACK ON OLD FT. WAYNE!

Jocko, the monkey; Chinese Revolving Pagodas, Magical Flower Garden 150 feet long, Pigeons, Fire Fish, etc.

THE BIGGEST PROGRAM YET GIVEN!

SATURDAY, JULY 28th.

Grand Farewell Performance, Special Features.

WE

Inaugurate our Semi-Annual Clearance Sale of

MEN'S and BOY'S PANTS

Tomorrow morning, and you can come prepared to see the greatest slaughter of values in desirable new styles of Pants for Men, Boy's and Children that has ever taken place here.

We Have Purchased

The entire stock of the wholesale house of Liebenthal & Bloch, Cleveland, Ohio, at a very low figure. Watch the papers for prices.

EXTRA SPECIAL.

By a lucky purchase we are enabled to offer 47 dozen of

Men's Negligee Shirts

With 2 detached turn down collars, made of Garmers Percales, at

63c.

These Shirts are all of the latest patterns and are sold all over the world at $1.00 and $1.50 each.

Sam, Pete & Max.